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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. VI. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1869. NO. 227.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Cheap Way

Of going to Saratoga Springs, by going to FLENNING'S Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, where can procure the water direct from the Springs, received fresh every week, and sold at a slight advance above cost. Remember the place—84 Market street.

We are Seldom Called

Upon to chronicle a thing so worthy of notice as HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT. It is just the thing the public have long needed. It is a fluid resembling beer, and has been proved by analysis to contain *certain ingredients of* VEGETABLE origin, to which it owes its beneficial and powerful effects as a remedy. MWF

Steamboat Supplies.

One of the necessary articles for boat stores is Hawley's Baking Powder. Always pure, reliable, easy to use, and economical, as it requires but half the quantity of those of ordinary manufacture. It is unequaled for making sweet, light, and healthy biscuits, rolls, griddle cakes, &c., and no steward should be without it. For sale by grocers everywhere. MWF

Trotting Match at Perryaville.

This afternoon a trotting match will take place at Mr. McCune's Park, in Perryaville, between "Dan Rice," owned by Mr. C. M. Seely, and "Mary Jane," owned by Mr. John Sneath. These nags are considered the fastest in the county, and the sporting men and others will be present in large numbers to witness the exciting contest. The Park is in excellent condition, and as it is the only place in this vicinity where exhibitions of the speed of horses can be held, it will doubtless be largely patronized during the present season. The drive to the Park is over the Perrysville Plank Road, the favorite thoroughfare for the owners of light buggies and fast horses. The race will be for one hundred dollars a side, "play or pay," and as both gentlemen desire to have the relative merits of their animals tested, there is no doubt of the race coming off as announced.

Pure White Lead and Oils

Can be purchased cheaper at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, than at any other place in the city. Remember the place, 84 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth avenue. tf

Butcher's Dead Shot

For Bed Bugs.
Butcher's Lightning Fly Killer.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Trusses, Trusses.

"Seeley's Elastic Rubber Truss" radically *cures* Rupture. Never rusts, breaks nor soils. Used in all climates. Comfort, safety and durability guaranteed. Fahnestock & Co., Agents. Sold by all Druggists. MWS

Hance Brothers & White's

(Successors to Hance, Griffith & Co.)
Standard
Medicinal Fluid Extracts,
Medicinal Granules, and
Sugar Coated Pills.

A full line for sale at the agency, McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 84 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth avenue. Special discount to the trade. Send for catalogue.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

Arranging for the Next Census.

The Municipal Election of Monday —Sunday School Celebration— Reverdy Johnson and His Critics —High Standing of Graduates of the Naval School—Lack of Discipline Among the Troops in Alaska—Gen. Jeff. C. Davis to be Relieved—Colored Workmen in the Navy Yard—The South American and Spanish Troubles —Gunboats Building for Spain— Investigation of Outrages in Georgia.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5, 1869.

The Census.

The Census Committee are working hard, and have completed schedules for statistics of manufactures, mines and mining, agriculture, commerce and education. Mr. Kennedy, Commissioner of the last census, is here for the committee to-day, and gave his experience regarding the main points of difficulty in securing correct work. When the compilation of the subjects to be embraced are finished, they will be sent out to persons in various parts of the country who are thought competent to give them an examination. These persons will then be asked for suggestions which the committee will consider at a meeting in the fall. They hope to close the present session next week.

The Municipal Election.

All hands here are making ready for the election which takes place on Monday. Meetings are held this evening in all the wards, and Republicans are having a great mass meeting in the back part of the city. The *Intelligencer* this morning charges that the Republicans are importing hundreds of negroes into Virginia wherewith to carry certain wards heretofore carried by the Democrats.

Sunday School Celebration.

The Sunday Schools children here, to the number of about 2,200, had a fine celebration to-day. Half a dozen colored teachers and about forty colored children were in procession. The gathering took place in the grounds south of the White House. Addresses were made by General Howard and Commissioner Fisher of the Patent Office, and the procession was subsequently reviewed by the Secretary of War and General Sherman from the White House portico.

Reverdy Johnson.

Accounts from Baltimore are that Reverdy Johnson, who got home yesterday, is looking exceedingly well, and says he had a pleasant time in England. He thinks he has been subjected to a good deal of harsh and unnecessary criticism in this country, and holds that his mission was a very successful one, because he succeeded in getting the British Ministry to concede everything asked for by Mr. Seward and President Johnson.

Naval Academy Graduates.

Midshipman Harber and Cadet Rockwell, of Ohio, both graduate this year as Adjutants of their respective classes, and their general standing is also among the highest. They were appointed by General Garfield four years ago, after competitive examination, open to all of the proper age in his congressional district. The recommendations were made over by the General in blank and signed by the Board who conducted the examination.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 6, 1869.

Bad State of Affairs in Alaska.

General Jeff. C. Davis is soon to be relieved from command of the troops in Alaska. One of the California newspapers some weeks ago printed letters or articles that were widely copied in the East, in which it was charged and shown by specifications that a good deal of lawless acts among the soldiers up there; that outrages of an indecent character have been perpetrated upon a number of women; that some of the officers are greatly addicted to drunkenness, and that others are openly living with abandoned women as their mistresses. Official reports show also that Indians and natives have been abused and maltreated in many ways, and in a word that there is a deplorable lack of discipline among a portion of the troops. The President has made inquiry into the matter, and finds that the newspapers have by no means told the worst of the truth. An officer more efficient than Gen. Davis has proved in this field will be sent to take his place.

City Politics.

The Republicans held a large mass meeting in the back part of the city last evening, at which a great number of speeches were made. The Democratic papers of yesterday and this morning charge that the other side have brought in negroes from Maryland and Virginia, and will try to vote them to-morrow. It is reported to-night that the Conservatives have got out several hundred warrants for the arrest of these negroes. The Democrats have not nominated any ticket of their own, but will support the Independent ticket of some wards and the Citizens' ticket of other wards. The Republicans are sure enough of carrying the election on general officers, but no one can safely predict what will be the result on Councilmen.

The Trades Unions and the Colored Citizen.

The "colored brother" is making more trouble by persisting in trying to get good pay for good work. The other day he was made a bricklayer in the navy yard, to the injury of the feelings of the Bricklayers' Union, which demanded that he shall be turned out forthwith, or that white bricklayers shall strike and leave Uncle Sam in the lurch. Not content with raising this muss, he has now got himself appointed a joiner in the yard, and consequently the Joiners' Union is also all by the ears. Everybody admits that he is a good citizen and a good workman, but his color can't be endured.

The South American Trouble.

The new Peruvian Minister has arrived, and will be presented to the President this week. His arrival will probably bring about the assembling here at an early day of a commission to adjudicate the difficulties between Spain on the one hand and Peru, Chile and Bolivia on the other, wherein our Government is to act as umpire. No one here has any official information about the recognition of the Cuban insurgents by Peru, and the State Department thinks that if it be a fact it isn't of much consequence anyway, as war vessels bought by Peru cannot be used against Spain without getting Peru into serious trouble with our Government.

Preparing for Inspection.

General Geo. H. Thomas is preparing for an inspection of the Military Division of the Pacific. His tour will be extended to Alaska, and its investigations will have special reference *to adopting* the best means of keeping peace with the Indians, and checking the irregularities on the part of troops. The inspection tour will occupy several months.

Gunboats for Spain.

It is ascertained on unquestionable authority that the Spanish Government is having twenty-five or thirty light draught gunboats built in this country, to be used in guarding the coast of Cuba. Our country being at peace with Spain, there can be of course no objection to its trading with our citizens.

The Naval Scholars' Cruise.

The graduating class of the Naval Academy will start in the frigate Sabine on their yearly cruise from Boston early next month. They expect to spend next winter in the Mediterranean sea, and afterwards visit Asia and South America. Other students of the Academy start this week on their three months' practice cruise. They go to Europe in three vessels.

Law College Commencement.

Assistant Secretary Richardson, of the Treasury Department, is to award the prizes at the Law College Commencement here this week, and Solicitor Canfield, of the same Department is to deliver the commencement oration before the graduating class, which numbers about seventy.

Georgia Outrages.

Gen. Terry, commanding in Georgia, is going to make an investigation into the recent murders and other outrages in that State. His denunciations have been principally based on the sanction of the authorities here.

Wyoming Territory.

Private letters from Wyoming Territory say the citizens of Cheyenne gave a very handsome complimentary reception to Gen. Campbell, about a week ago, to celebrate the inauguration of government in the Territory.

Returned.

The President returned last evening from Annapolis, a good deal tired out with his trip. He leaves again the last of this week for West Point.

WASHINGTON, June 5, 1869.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President has made the following appointments: C. C. Andrews, of Minnesota, Minister Resident at Stockholm; Jarnes S. Graham Jr., United States Consul at Florence; C. R. Mobley, United States Attorney for the Southern District of Florida; John Lynch, of Louisiana, Surveyor General of Louisiana; John P. Bigelow has been appointed chief of the Land Branch of the Treasury Department, vice H. H. Andrews, resigned, and Oscar D. Madge has been appointed Chief of the Special Agency Division of the Treasury, vice Colonel Guthrie, resigned.

OPINION ON THE WEAVER CASE.

Attorney General Hoar has submitted a lengthy opinion to the Secretary of War, in which he says he finds no reason in the laws for the President withholding his approval from the finding of the military commission in the case of James Weaver, a citizen of Texas, convicted of murder and sentenced to be hung. The question involved was whether a military commission in Texas, in September, 1868, had jurisdiction over a citizen not in the naval or military service. Authority, therefore, is found by the Attorney General, in the statute of March 2d, 1867, placing several States, including Texas, under military control, which act was operative in Texas, because she had not adopted a constitution in conformity with other provisions of the act, and all acts of Congress are to be presumed constitutional, unless the contrary plainly appears.

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

The shipments of national currency during the week were $117,676; amount destroyed, $399,400; bank currency issued, $119,820; actual circulation, $290,842,182.

THE BELGIAN MISSION.

John M. Langston having declined the mission to Liberia, his brother Charles has been appointed in his place.

POSTAL CHANGES IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The following appointments of postmasters in Pennsylvania have been made by Mr. Cresswell:

Slippery Rock, Butler county—Charles Prosser vice W. T. Ramsey, removed.
Beaver Center, Crawford county—J. T. Simons, vice H. N. Havens, moved away.
Elm, Fayette county—J. H. Campbell, vice W. H. Brooks, removed.
Sterretania, Erie county—Thomas Sterrett, vice E. Beals, resigned.
Lineville Station, Crawford county—R. P. Miller, vice S. Stadtler, resigned.
Crossingville, Crawford county—P. Clark, vice H. Stevens, resigned.
Center Road Station, Crawford county—W. McMullin, vice H. D. Lowing, resigned.
Wolf Creek, Mercer county—Wm. P. C. Emery, vice H. B. Williams, resigned.
Brimsville, Fulton county—W. B. Kennard, vice Jacob Hess, resigned.
Sideling Hill, Fulton county—J. Bernhart, vice J. H. Marin, resigned.
Fort Littleton, Fulton county—S. T. Buckley, vice Geo. Bain, resigned.
Moose Colly, Route Agent between Pittsburgh and Uniontown, vice Patrick Brady, removed.
J. R. Elder and W. F. Cunningham, Postal Clerks between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.
George Lovell, Route Agent between Port Clinton and Williamsport.
John C. Paul, promoted from assistant clerk to clerk, and F. H. Schryer as assistant clerk, vice Paul, promoted, on the line between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.

IMPORTANT TO DAIRYMEN.

No special tax will be required of any person, firm or company, corporation or association, either as a manufacturer or dealers, for the manufacture of butter and cheese, or for the sale of butter or cheese of their own manufacture, or of that of others, unless such manufacturing, either directly or indirectly.

COLORED CARPENTERS.

Yesterday for the first time in the history of the Washington Navy Yard, two colored men commenced work as joiners upon an equal footing with the whites. They were formerly slaves, and were employed in the Union service during the war.

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Result of Republican Primary Elections.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

EAST LIVERPOOL, June 5, 1869.

The Republican primary elections in Liverpool township, resulted in selecting the following ticket: State Senator, Hon. J. Dunbar; Representative, J. Coulson; Probate Judge, S. J. Firestone; Recorder, C. B. Dicker; Sheriff, W. M. Hostetter: Treasurer, R. C. Taggart; Clerk of Courts, W. L. Young; Commissioner, Armstrong; Infirmary Director, John Mason; Coroner, Gilbert Gaston; Senatorial Delegates, Col. W. H. Vodry, Col. H. E. Hill, D. J. Smith; Central Committee, Col. W. H. Vodry, Col. J. T. Herbert, Capt. J. D. George. One hundred and eighty-four votes were cast. C.

PHILADELPHIA

General Reformed Church Synod—The Pope's Invitation.

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.—At the session of the Synod of the General Reformed Church yesterday a communication was read by J. F. Hartley, with reference to declining the invitation given to the Synod by the Pope, to participate in the Roman ecumenical council, to which communication was referred. Also, one from the Committee of the Synod of the Secession Church of Holland, which will meet on the 15th of June at Middleburg, Province of Zeland, Mich., earnestly requesting the present Synod to appoint a deputation for the furtherance of mutual intercourse of fellowship of the saints, which was referred. Also, one in regard to the act to change the corporate title of the German Synod of the Reformed Church at Tant Dutch Church to that of General Church in America, which was referred to a committee of three ministers and two laymen, who were appointed to attend the National Council of the Evangelical Denominations in the United States, proposed at the last session of the Synod.

Rev. Dr. Higbee, delegate from the German Reformed Church, made an address in regard to the union of the churches, and the President responded.

A report was received from the committee appointed by the last Synod to visit Holland, Michigan, giving a few facts in regard to the Theological Seminary in that section, referred to the Committee on Professorate.

Rev. Abel Gorman was recognized as a delegate from the Old School Presbyterian Church, and Rev. Dr. Schumaker, from the Southern Synod. Adjourned.

THE SAVAGES.

Murders on the Kansas Frontier—Settlers Driven Out—New Methods of Torture—Hungry Arapahoes and Cheyennes.

LEAVENWORTH, June 5.—*The Times and Conservative* has a letter from Ellsworth which says General Miles's couriers have arrived from the Saline. They report two additional bodies found, making thirteen killed. The Indians are devastating the settlements of Solomon and Republican. Adjutant General Moorehouse leaves to-night for the Republican with twenty-three scouts recruited here. He received dispatches to-day notifying him that the Indians had been in the vicinity of White Rock and Lake Sibley all the week in large numbers, killing and destroying everything.

Major Cox, of the 10th Cavalry, has arrived from Camp Supply. He reports all the Arapahoes and four hundred Cheyennes at that post hungry and out of ammunition. Colonel Wynkoon, Superintendent, is there with a stock of provisions and goods for their benefit. Camp Supply will shortly be garrisoned by six companies of the 10th cavalry, and five companies of infantry.

The same paper has news that the colonies in Mitchell county, in North Kansas, have been driven into Republic and Washington counties, and nearly twenty persons killed. Mr. Wintelpeck, an old citizen, was killed while crossing the Republican river. There is a panic among the settlers in that part of the State.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Captain Samuel Overson, Superintendent, is there with a stock of provisions and goods for their benefit. Camp Supply will shortly be garrisoned by six companies of the 10th cavalry, and five companies of infantry.

The Elberton *Gazette* states that an insurrectionary plot had been disclosed by a negro, having for its object the burning of the town of Lexington, the county seat of Oglethorpe county, Georgia, and the murder of the officials. The sheriff and posse, while arresting negroes said to be implicated, were fired upon, resisted by one, whom they shot and killed.

Advices from St. Domingo to the 27th ultimo, say the Dominican Government had concluded a loan of £400,000 with the Messrs. Hartmont of London. Bills to the amount of £40,000 had been drawn, but there were doubts of their acceptance, and of the conclusion of the loan. The Republic was considered completely tranquil. The Custom House at Puerto Plata was recently destroyed by fire. Threatening evidences that ex-President Cabral was meeting with success in his revolutionary movement against Baez in the South.

Dates from Hayti are to the 25th ult. Gen. Gaget, the revolutionary leader, was looking for the arrival of the steamers Florida, Quaker City and Ameriqua. The latter was to bring him his navy, and with their assistance bring about the overthrow of President Salnave. Gen. Lyonnais remained at St. Mares with the steamer Telegrafo.

Charles Springer, the bond robber who broke jail at Schenectady, N. Y., on Wednesday, returned on Thursday night at midnight and gave himself up to the Sheriff.

A submarine diver, named Robert Speener, was drowned at Southwest Pass on Friday, while working at the wreck of the steamer Glasgiss face of his armor broke and he became fouled among the timbers, and it was impossible to hand him assistance. A line was then descended in twenty-five feet of water, and recovered the body.

The Philadelphia Beneficial Savings Fund, which was a few months ago robbed of United States securities, greenbacks, railroad and other bonds, amounting in the aggregate to nearly $400,000, has succeeded in getting and recovering all of the stolen treasure. It is not necessary to publish the names of the parties, but it is reliably stated that the institution will, in a few weeks, be again in a flourishing condition.

J. E. Lemoine was arrested in St. Louis on Friday as a party to the robbery of the First National Bank, Bethlehem, Penn., on Tuesday, May 12th, of about $20,000, and left that city next morning. He was followed by another officer and D W Moore, Cashier of the robbed bank.

The Collector of the port of Chicago seized a large lot of sugar Saturday, for non-payment of duties. The sugar was shipped from New Orleans by I. Serie & Co., to various Chicago merchants.

The famous Uhlich *vs.* Muhlke case, involving the question of ownership of property valued at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, reached a decision in the Supreme Court of Chicago on Saturday. The decision is to the effect that Muhlke, the defendant, shall pay over one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and the two sons of the deceased the balance. Muhlke, it will be remembered, was the confidential agent of old man Uhlich at the time of his death, and after the occurrence of that event was found to be possessed of deeds which conveyed to him nearly his entire property, leaving the sons little or nothing. They sued and recovered all but the sum named above, which was the first deed obtained by Muhlke and held to be fraudulent.

Joseph M. Dake, who died suddenly a few days since in Chicago, had his life insured for some $150,000. Among the companies were the following: Mutual, $25,000; Knickerbocker, $10,000; Northwestern, $20,000; Etna, $10,000; Connecticut Mutual, $15,000.

The McConnell murder trial, so far as the evidence is concerned, was brought to a close on Saturday morning. The only witness introduced was the wife of the deceased for the prosecution. His evidence referred to the boy Pete and his evidence. The purport of Mr. Turney's evidence was that the boy's statements were unreliable and not to be believed. At the conclusion of this evidence, and just as Mr. Atkins was about to commence summing up on the part of the people, the boy **Andrew** referred to in the juvenile witness, Bob, Price, was produced in court. He proved to be an idiot, with the evidences of his idiocy stamped indelibly upon every feature of his expressionless face. He was dressed in a dirty, ragged military coat, his hair was red and unkempt, and his entire appearance indicative of the supposition expressed by one of the jurors, that he probably said all Price had testified and a great deal more. No one asked him any questions, and after insanely looking round him for a few seconds, he shuffled out of the court room. Mr. Atkins then proceeded in his argument and was followed by Mr. Woodson, on behalf of the prisoner, who finished his argument in the morning. At the conclusion of Judge Woodson's argument, several bonnets were thrown in by the ladies in the gallery.

Advices from the northern lands, Kansas, state that on the 3d a party of three hundred beggiers appeared at a point ten miles south of Fort Scott, and fired into a train on the road, and drove away all the laborers, and pulled up the surveyor's stakes.

Dr. Day, who has been on trial for several days at Marshall, Michigan, charged with child murder by producing abortion, was on Saturday night found guilty. To conclude the tragedy, the Doctor took morphine and died yesterday.

The steamer Iowa, from Glasgow, arrived on Saturday night.

A *Herald* special from London, on the fifth, gives the result of the Royal Thames Yacht Club race. The Egeria won the first prize in six hours, twenty minutes and forty seconds, beating the Cimbria. The second prize, the Gravesend to Mouse Light and back. The Prince of Wales accompanied the yachts in the steam yacht Princess.

Nellie Dorset, who eloped from New York a few weeks since, and was supposed to have committed suicide about a week since by jumping into Chagrin river, has been found in house of ill-fame in that city, of which she has been for some time an inmate. Leaving her room for the trunk of the latter with clothes in the pocket, and throwing her hat on the dark, deep water, was a ruse to mislead her friends as to her fate.

An unknown man was found dead in an iron yard on the public landing at Cincinnati, on Saturday. He appeared to have been dead at least a week.

Chief Justice Chase leaves Charleston for Raleigh, North Carolina, to-day.

Dennis Reene, who was convicted of murdering his brother-in-law by chopping off his head while the two were at work in a lard factory some months since, and who was sentenced to death on Wednesday last, committed suicide yesterday by hanging in his cell in jail in East Cambridge, Mass.

Samuel Bixby, of Boston, and Miss Malchi Cobb, of Hingham, were drowned last evening at Hull, Mass., by the upsetting of a pleasure boat. The bodies were recovered.

The saw and grist mills belonging to McKeene & Bingham, in Camden, N. J., were destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The fire originated in the rear of the saw mill, and spread rapidly. A large amount of grain and flour stored in the grist mill was destroyed. Several piles of lumber in close proximity were fired, and before the flames were checked $50,000 worth of property was destroyed. The buildings and stock were partially insured. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Joseph Loftus, six years old, was drowned on the street in Cincinnati, Saturday night, apparently intoxicated, and died before midnight without speaking. Further particulars of the cause are not known.

An Albany telegram says: Delegates to the Printers' National Convention, which meets in the Assembly Chamber at the Capital to-morrow, have arrived from New York city, Louisiana, South Carolina, Washington, Missouri, Kansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Georgia, and many other States, and the Canadas. Miss Augusta Lewis and Miss Howard, from New York, are also here for the purpose of adding the feminine gender to the compositors to Saratoga and elsewhere are to take place.

A little girl named Maggie Barren, living in the lower portion of Louisville, was burned to death yesterday morning. She was busily engaged near a hot stove, when her dress caught fire, and before assistance could be obtained she was burned beyond recovery.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Baltimoreans decorated the graves of Confederate soldiers Saturday.

Baker and Thomas, two negroes condemned for the murder of a colored man, Ward Ditcher, in Weldon, about a year ago, were privately executed at Halifax on Saturday.

Cyrus W. Field has returned from Europe.

Col. W. B. Stokes opened the campaign in Tennessee, at Nashville, Saturday, in a speech of three hours' length, to a large audience.

Robert Boyd and George J. Delaney, who were clerks in the New York Postoffice, were tried and sentenced respectively to ten and three years in the State Prison for embezzling money letters.

At Dutch Kills, Long Island, on Thursday, a dispute, terminating in a fight, occurred between two men named McNally and Kellahan, conductors on the Green Point Railroad, and a man named Morrow and a companion, employees of the Astoria Railroad, regarding the merits of their respective lines. Having beaten Morrow in an inhuman manner, McNally and Kellahan, who were intoxicated, tore up the track for nearly a mile, and injured the bridge, causing a delay of four hours to the Flushing train. On their return to Green Point they were met by some friends of Morrow, who beat McNally in such a manner that recovery is doubtful. Kellahan ran away, and, as is thought, threw himself into the creek. He has not since been heard of.

The Executive Committee of the Society of the Eurnside Expedition and Ninth Army Corps, has designated the 7th of July as the time and Rocky Point as the place for holding their annual reunion.

Thomas McInfee has been arrested in New York and committed to jail to await a requisition from the Governor of Nebraska, charged with committing forgeries at Omaha to the amount of $80,000 or $40,000.

H. J. Barnes, a notorious horse thief, was found hanging to a tree near Shelby Depot, Tennessee, on Thursday morning last, riddled with bullets. From papers on his person it is supposed he was originally from Newark, New Jersey.

John Murray, a respectable citizen of Portsmouth, Virginia, was shot dead on Saturday, by Alexander Perry, whom he suspected of seducing his daughter, and at whom he fired the first shot, with a slight effect. Perry gave bail for his appearance on Monday.

Two policemen of Philadelphia, named Noonan and McLaughlin, have been arrested and held to bail each in fifteen hundred dollars for trial, on a charge of entering two houses Friday night, and beating the inmates almost to death, breaking furniture, &c. The sufferers were colored people. The assailants were newly appointed officers.

The Elberton *Gazette* states that an insurrectionary plot had been disclosed by a negro, having for its object the burning of the town of Lexington, the county seat of Oglethorpe county, Georgia, and the murder of the officials. The sheriff and posse, while arresting negroes said to be implicated, were fired upon, resisted by one, whom they shot and killed.

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The McConnell murder trial, so far as the evidence is concerned, was brought to a close on Saturday morning. The only witness introduced was the wife of the deceased for the prosecution. His evidence referred to the boy Pete and his evidence. The purport of Mr. Turney's evidence was that the boy's statements were unreliable and not to be believed. At the conclusion of this evidence, and just as Mr. Atkins was about to commence summing up on the part of the people, the boy **Andrew** referred to in the juvenile witness, Bob, Price, was produced in court. He proved to be an idiot, with the evidences of his idiocy stamped indelibly upon every feature of his expressionless face. He was dressed in a dirty, ragged military coat, his hair was red and unkempt, and his entire appearance indicative of the supposition expressed by one of the jurors, that he probably said all Price had testified and a great deal more. No one asked him any questions, and after insanely looking round him for a few seconds, he shuffled out of the court room. Mr. Atkins then proceeded in his argument and was followed by Mr. Woodson, on behalf of the prisoner, who finished his argument in the morning. At the conclusion of Judge Woodson's argument, several bonnets were thrown in by the ladies in the gallery.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Meeting of Stockholders of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Rail Railroad Company—A Short Line South from Pittsburgh—Atlantic and Lake Erie Railroad—A Rival to Erie and Pittsburgh—New Road from Chicago to Pittsburgh.

MILWAUKEE, June 5.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company was held in Milwaukee to-day. There were $17,845,000 of shares represented. The doings of the Directors for the last year were unanimously ratified and approved. The following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the terms named: For three years—Alex. Mitchell, Milwaukee; Russell Page, New York; Fred. P. James, New York; N. A. Cowdrey, New York; W. S. Gurnell, New York; for two years—Selah Chamberlain, Cleveland, Ohio; S. S. Merrill, Milwaukee; Julius Wadsworth, New York; James Buell, New York; for one year—James G. Garner, New York; Henry Keep, New York; James H. Benedict, New York; L. P. Morton, New York.

CINCINNATI, June 5.—Governor Bullock, of Georgia, congratulates the Commercial's telegraph on the action in reference to the Southern railway.

THE MONONGAHELA VALLEY—A SHORT LINE SOUTH.

The survey corps on the Monongahela road reached West Brownsville on the 21st ult. A correspondent of the Monongahela *Republican*, referring to the projected Southern road from Pittsburgh to Newberne, as discussed in the columns of the COMMERCIAL several months since, says: "To show its feasibility, take an ordinary map, follow the Monongahela river to its source, in Randolph county, West Virginia, a distance of one hundred and fifty miles (air line); then across a table land of five miles to the head waters of Elk river, when in ten miles will bring you to a gap or narrow cut in the Greenbriar Mountain, a distance of five miles more will strike the Greenbrier river, following it to the junction with the New river, the same distance to Newberne, on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad. Thus we have a distance of two hundred and seventy-five or three hundred miles, not across mountains, but following the valleys of nature; not through a sterile region, but one as rich as minerals, as productive in agriculture, and as thickly overspread with lumber as any now open to commerce and enterprise. That such a road is necessary, and will be built, I think the prospects sufficiently flattering to enlist not only the money of capitalists but the enterprise of the whole country."

THE ATLANTIC AND LAKE ERIE ROAD.

The long-promised Atlantic and Lake Erie Railroad seems now in a fair way to be built, or at least to be commenced, during the present summer. The late railroad conference which met at Athens, Ohio, a few days ago, succeeded in getting persons to sign a certificate of incorporation for the Atlantic and Lake Erie Railway Company. It was accordingly done, and the certificate has been duly forwarded to the Secretary of State. The route agreed upon and Cleveland—are named as termini on the lake, through Southeastern Ohio. The line of railway road may be made a portion of the line, with the consent of its owners, in which case the road will run from Cleveland to Parkersburg. The road is to commence on the Ohio river, or on the Ohio line, in Meigs county. The ulterior design of the company is also to form connections with existing railroads or construct a railroad running through or near to all the States of West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and the Southern States. The Parkersburg railroad may be made a portion of the line, and the Cleveland and Marietta railroad, which is already completed, will be used as a portion of the line. The road is to be commenced within one year from the time the requisite number of shares of stock are taken, and completed within five years. The capital stock is to be $5,000,000, with the privilege of increasing it to $10,000,000. The following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the terms named: For three years—Alex. Mitchell, Milwaukee; Russell Page, New York; Fred. P. James, New York; N. A. Cowdrey, New York; W. S. Gurnell, New York; for two years—Selah Chamberlain, Cleveland, Ohio; S. S. Merrill, Milwaukee; Julius Wadsworth, New York; James Buell, New York; for one year—James G. Garner, New York; Henry Keep, New York; James H. Benedict, New York; L. P. Morton, New York.

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CUBA.

Reported Surrender of Insurgents.

Dulce Sails for Spain—Feeling Between the Volunteers and Cubans—Report from Commander Eastman—New Life Infused into the Insurrection—Programme of the Volunteers—The Spanish Admiral a Passive Spectator—A Triumvirate to be Established.

HAVANA, June 5.—Ex-Captain General Dulce sailed to-day for Spain. He was accompanied to the steamer by all the military officers of high rank now in Havana, and by the Colonels of the volunteer regiments.

To-day's Cuban publish reports which represent that thousands of the insurgents are surrendering. It is asserted that among those who have given up their swords are General Redo, Cespedes and Francisco Farnara.

The Peruvian monitors have arrived at Barbadoes. They made the voyage in four days and a half from St. Thomas.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Admiral Rolff advises the Navy Department from Matanzas on the 27th. He is surprised to find that the feeling of animosity between the volunteers and Cuban element was much less bitter than he had reason to suspect in Havana. In fact, from appearances, a stranger in Matanzas would never suspect a revolution was raging in the island. All American citizens desirous of going to the United States have left that vicinity.

Lieutenant Commander Eastman reports that about the 8th or 10th of May some bands of insurgents attacked the convoy of a train, defeated them and captured forty-three officers and men, including a colonel. There are rumors that Trinidad is cuvironed by a large force of insurgents, and also a report that the place is in their possession. At Guatonomo, on the south side, near the eastern end of the island, the insurrection is said to be extensively strong, in consequence of a successful landing of an expedition in that district, and in a recent engagement with the Spaniards the latter were defeated. One thing is positive, however, and that is, that the actual or supposed successful landing of these expeditions has infused new life into the insurrection, and to all appear

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1869.

We print in another column extracts from a number of leading papers in this State, giving their views on the result of the late Conventions in this county, and indorsing the course of the COMMERCIAL in the cause of retrenchment and reform.

The English press, instead of publishing Mr. SUMNER'S speech, summarized it in a manner to support their antipathies and prejudices. Charged with this, instead of giving the text, they consume more space than the speech would occupy in trying to prove that they fairly stated the positions of Mr. SUMNER. Hereafter we shall not be at a loss for an illustration of English fairness as reflected by the press.

The instructions which Minister MOTLEY took with him it is likely enough will make the English feel a little cheap, in view of the fuss they have been making about the probabilities of a war to settle the Alabama claims. Mr. SUMNER'S speech is nowhere incorporated into the dispatches which Mr. Secretary FISH prepared for Minister MOTLEY; and our cousins are yet to learn that our foreign affairs are conducted by no Senator, not even by Congress. But there will be no "letting down." We are assured that while Mr. MOTLEY'S course will have a soothing effect on the public mind, there will be nothing in the attitude of our Government to lessen the self-respect of even such partisans as Senator CHANDLER or Mr. SUMNER. The Government will maintain its own dignity and enforce respect from others. A firm, respectful, dignified attitude will be taken and adhered to, but no effort will be made to bully or intimidate the English Government into terms. If any result is reached it will be favorable to the United States.

THE STATE TREASURER AND PUBLIC FUNDS.

The office of State Treasurer is within the category of those usually denominated constitutional, being created by the constitution, which prescribes the mode of election by which it is to be filled and the tenure and term by and for which it may be held. The duties of the office, the mode of its administration, as well as the qualifications for holding it, are matters of statutory regulation. It is matter of special wonder that the legislative provisions on the subject should be so meagre and indefinite as to leave the most important financial office in the Commonwealth practically without responsibility.

The duties devolved on the State Treasurer by law are: 1st. To give bond in the sum of ($80,000) eighty thousand dollars, "conditioned for the true and *faithful performance of the trusts* and duties enjoined and required by law to be performed by such Treasurer." 2d. He is required to "pay all grants, salaries, annuities, gratuities and pensions, established by law," and make all other lawful payments on account of the State. 3d. Make a *monthly* report to the Auditor General of receipts and disbursements. 4th. Make an annual report to the Legislature exhibiting in detail the receipts and expenditures of the Treasury for the preceding year; also, "to digest, prepare and lay before the General Assembly at the commencement of every session a report on the subject of finance, containing estimates of the public revenue and public expenditure and plans for the support of the public credit and for imposing and increasing the revenue," for the information of the Legislature. He is the authorized depositary and custodian of the annual revenues of the Commonwealth, which amount to about $5,000,000.

The law fixes the salary at $1,700 and allows him a fixed sum for clerk hire. No fees or perquisites attach to the office *for the benefit of the Treasurer*. (The Commonwealth derives a small revenue from fees charged for searches, copies of papers, certificates, &c., made in this office.) The above are in substance the legislative provisions relating to this office.

It will be observed that the statute does not prescribe *how* or *where* the public money is to be kept. In legal contemplation it is in the pocket of the Treasurer; and $5,000,000 may go into that pocket upon security given for $80,000.

The State Treasurer may either keep the public moneys in his personal possession under our present system, or deposit them with whomsoever he pleases. He may realize large sums in the shape of *gratuities*, or interest for the use of the public money. It is true that we have a statute against embezzlement by public officers, and it is made a misdemeanor for any public officer "charged with the collection, safe keeping, transfer or disbursement of public money," to convert it to his own use in any way whatever, or "to use by way of investment in any kind of property or merchandise any portion of the public money entrusted to him," or to "become a defaulter," or to "fail to pay over the same when thereunto legally required;" but what statute fetters the discretion of this officer in committing the revenues of the State to any corporation, association, or private individual he may select? What statute makes it criminal in him to receive one, three, or six per cent. interest or gratuity for it by what name you will) for the favor bestowed in allowing a *bank* or an *individual to use the public money as a loan?* The office of State Treasurer is regarded as the most lucrative in the State. How is it made lucrative if not from gratuities or interest paid the Treasurer for the use of the people's money? Now our Treasurer may show care and discretion in the selection of *his* depositaries of the *people's* money. But in the mutability of human affairs, banks and individuals may fail. Commercial revulsions sometimes crush the fairest, and to the public eye, the firmest credit. There are recurring periods of mad speculation, in which prudence is turned into folly, and there are dishonest failures too. What if some of the Treasurer's designated depositaries of the money of the Commonwealth should go down with that official as their creditor for a few hundred thousands—say half a million, not to put it too high? A clear case of defalcation of course—a case for an indictment, perhaps. But a verdict of a jury would hardly charm back into the Treasury the public money "converted" to private use. In fact, under the present vicious system, administered, too, with reasonable caution, a loss of this kind may occur, and it is wonderful that it has not occurred in the fluctuations of trade and business. The State Treasurer's bond is small security for an "unexpended balance" of half a million or more, converted into private banking capital or floating on the tide of speculation. We have spoken of the office without reference to the officer, or rather assuming him to be ordinarily capable and honest. But suppose the office to fall into incompetent or corrupt hands. The late Legislature, justly or unjustly, made the reputation of being the most corrupt that ever assembled in the State, and its "bad eminence" appears to be recognized even in New York. Possibly it was not so bad as represented. Certainly it did not command the general public confidence, notwithstanding many good men sat in that body. Suppose at some future day, as corruption is progressive, another General Assembly should set up a State Treasurer to be their puppet, tool or instrument of corruption. Or let us suppose the case of some able but unscrupulous or corrupt man being chosen to fill the office. Certainly the latter is not an improbable supposition. Bad men have occasionally, at every period of our history, managed to get into office in almost every department of Government, State and Federal. What security would the people then have for the safe keeping of the public money under the present system? What to prevent the public revenues from being used to corrupt public servants, to control the business of legislation, or to purchase re-elections to office? What guard against peculation and embezzlement to the extent of millions?

We speak not of the present State Treasurer nor of any of his predecessors. We are dealing with a system that needs amendment. We want better security for the safe-keeping of the public money. We want the money of the State kept, until needed, in the strong box of the Treasury (to be provided), and not embarked in private enterprises, or floated on the waves of private speculation. We want it put out of the power of the Treasurer to make from $50,000 to $100,000 a year out of the people's money; and especially do we demand that the present vicious system be so reformed as to make it impossible for any person, or combination of persons, to raise a corruption fund by the use of the people's money—to corrupt the people's servants.

What is the remedy for all these evils? It is very simple. Let the Legislature provide depositories for the public money, as the United States, and nearly all of the States have done, and let the Commonwealth keep her own funds in her own strong box, or, if they can be made to earn anything, let it be for the State, until needed. A provision from the act of Congress of the 6th of August, 1864, might be profitably adopted and applied: "If any one of the said officers," (depositaries of public money) "shall convert to his own use in any way whatever, or shall use by way of investment in any kind of merchandise or property, *or shall loan with or without interest, or shall deposit in any bank, or shall exchange for other funds* any portion of the public moneys intrusted to him for safe keeping, disbursement, transfer, or for any other purpose, every such act shall be deemed and adjudged as an embezzlement of so much of the said moneys as shall thus be taken, converted, invested, used, loaned, deposited, or exchanged, which is hereby declared to be a *felony*," punishable with imprisonment, not exceeding ten years, and a fine equal to the amount of money embezzled. Let it be provided by the next Legislature that the public moneys shall be kept in depositaries established by law, and under the charge of the State's own agents giving bonds in sums bearing some just proportion to the amount of money likely to come into their hands. Let the penal provisions quoted from the United States statute be enacted and made applicable to such agents and the State Treasurer. Let a competent *salary* be attached to the office of the Treasurer ($1,700 is inadequate.) Let his fiscal functions be assimilated to those of the United States Treasurer, and the Treasurer of other States. These done a much needed reform will have been effected. There will be an end of corruption, or charges of corruption by means of the people's money: and there will be a better security for the public money—for our annual $5,000,000—than is afforded by a Treasurer's bond for $80,000.

ABSORPTION OF THE FORT WAYNE BY THE CENTRAL.

The leasing of the Fort Wayne by the Pennsylvania Central was done in opposition to the wishes and judgment of Gen. Cass, who, with two other members of the Fort Wayne Road, Messrs. HARBAUGH and DAWSON, who voted against the measure. Gen. Cass and his dissenting associates took the only wise view of the question, whether considered from their standpoint as managers of a great property, rapidly growing in value and rising in character, or as regards the effect of the absorption of the Fort Wayne by a vast corporation aiming to break down competition. Certain pimps, who are never so happy as when they are singing hosannas to the Central, and for which, we are confident, the managers heartily despise them, have tried to say sharp things of us because we ventured to assert that the absorption of the Fort Wayne was a mistaken policy for itself and the public.

The fact that the Central pays a perpetual rental of twelve per cent. on the present capital of the Fort Wayne, proves the first branch of the proposition; and the truth of the second branch is manifest to every one except those who think it would be better to have all the roads in the country under the control of the Pennsylvania Central. The motive of the latter in paying so largely to destroy the competition which the Fort Wayne as an independent existence might afford, suggests the whole argument. Competition is what the public must and will have; and in this connection we take pleasure in repeating that we have reason to believe that the absorption of the Fort Wayne by the Central will insure the competition so essential to our prosperity, in the building of another line from Pittsburgh westward, more certainly than we have ever yet had or would be likely to have it under the old state of things.

The Central has quite recently made very liberal overtures with the view of preventing the construction of an independent line between Pittsburgh and the West, to connect here with the Connellsville. We are happy to say that the enticing offers of this description were instantly rejected, with the assurance that the Connellsville will push its way to the West. It is but natural that the Central should attempt to keep new competitors out of the field. Having stipulated to pay a very large sum annually to obtain the control of the Fort Wayne, it is important to the Central that it enjoy a monopoly of the business as long as possible. It will have it for a time, but not always, nor very long. Mr. Cass and his associates are well aware of this.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

At Tripoli, Iowa, recently, at the wedding of Chester L. Dawyer and Leonora Warner, a gang of boys proceeded to "charivari" the newly married couple. The father of the bride first warned the boys to desist; then fired two or three blank cartridges among them; then loaded his gun with peas; and at last sent a load of shot among them, wounding five of them severely but not fatally.

The claim against England for damages by the destruction of vessels by the steamer Alabama is estimated at about thirteen millions of dollars. If this were paid in sight drafts on London, at the present rate of forty per cent. premium, it would reduce the actual amount which that government would have to pay to $9,285,720. Or, if paid in currency, England could ship the gold to this country and exchange it for currency with a similar result.

In accordance with the tendency to lower transportation charges, the charge for storage of grain at the Toledo Elevators of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad have been reduced from 1½ cents a bushel for ten days, to ⅔ of a cent; and the canal elevators have reduced their charge for the same time from 1½ to one cent. The consolidated railroads are now offering rates on grain and flour and other heavy articles of produce that are taking business from the lake and canal route.

The *Alti Californian* of the 17th ult. says: 'In consequence of the death of a Prince of Borneo, whose mines of antimony have been neglected of late, the price of that metal is unequal to the demand, and letters of inquiry have been sent from London to this State to know whether it can be produced here at moderate cost. It is found in the argentiferous galena of the Humboldt mines, and that there is a vein of rich ore at San Emidio, in the Coast Mountains, on the western border of Kern County, but we have no information about the price at which it could be produced.'

The prospect of a reunion between the Methodist church of the South and their brethren of the North, is not very good. There is little outward display of cordial friendship on either side, but as it is often darkest just before the break of day, so may this apparent coldness speedily give way to kindly feelings, and the old love return, chastened by the bitter experience of years of separation.

Three great National Educational Associations hold their annual conventions in Trenton, New Jersey, in the third week in August. No subjects can be of greater interest to those who are working for the permanent welfare of our people, and it is believed that there will be a very large attendance of leading teachers at the meetings. The Association of State Superintendents meets on Monday; that of Normal School Principals and teachers on Tuesday, and the general association of teachers on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

An enormous diamond, weighing 83½ carats and valued at $125,000, has just been purchased of a South African Kaffir by a Dutch dealer at Hope Town, who paid for the gem 500 sheep, ten oxen and a horse. The great Kohinoor diamond originally weighed 186 carats.

The author of "The Gates Ajar" having mentioned that there are pianos as well as harps in Heaven, a Chicago paper suggests that she will kindly add which instrument is in most favor there, the Chickering or the Steinway.

Hon. S. S. Cox has been riding Arab horses that run 126 miles in 22 hours. He says that nothing can excel the elegance of their bearing, and the speed and bottom are the result of oughbred training and work. The best stallions of Algiers are in the hands of the French officers.

The London *Times* estimated the amount of United States bonds held in England at £156,000,000; and now a correspondent of the New York *World* thinks that the whole amount held in Europe is £211,000,000, or some $1,400,000,000 in our greenback currency, which is probably an exaggerated estimate.

A San Francisco paper remarks that the wheat crop is exhausting the soil of California, and the Chicago *Times* notes the fact that the yield of the grain growing districts of Illinois, and of Iowa, Missouri and Minnesota, is perceptibly less than it was a few years ago.

A fearful drouth prevails in the interior of Australia. The line of road from Wagga Wagga to Hay is said by a late traveler to be comparable to nothing but the Valley of the Shadow of Death. It is literally strewed with the skeletons of the dead and carcasses of perishing animals that have perished from starvation or thirst. Horses, cattle and sheep, and even the wild denizens of the plains—kangaroos, emus and turkeys—are lying dead in all directions, tainting the atmosphere and giving abundant occupation to the crows.

An ex-Major of the United States army, is about to leave New York in another expedition, but the point of departure is not yet fixed. Nearly four million dollars have been expended there in the Cuban interest, though it is not mentioned that much of it has been appropriated by the parties handling it.

An extract of a letter from Hopkins county, Texas, to McKillop, Sprague & Co., dated May 12, 1869, says: "* * * Recent heavy rains are retarding our spring crops. A large breadth of cotton has been planted this spring than usual. Our people are prospering and in hopes of better times. The new Constitution will be adopted by a large majority. We look forward for peace and prosperity in the future."

PERSONAL.

The youngest brother of Francis Joseph, the Archduke Louis Victor, in much admired in Vienna for his handsome face and his highly distinguished appearance, of a pleasant, sociable nature, and with the same melancholy cast of countenance which fascinated the ladies so much in Maximilian of Mexico. There is no danger, however, of Louis Victor giving any trouble to Juarez and Grant.

In an article in the *Revolution*, Miss Olive Logan says that the women who oppose men's attire are ridiculous, and they injure the cause of woman suffrage. She remarks: "As I sat in the parlors of the Woman's Bureau last Friday night there were four ladies present, besides myself, and it warmed my heart to see and think that they might each grace the *salons* of the most polished European court, just as they sat. There was Mrs. Stanton, beautifully attired in a trailing robe of black and gray silk; with a gay-colored silken scarf over her shapely shoulders, and her beautiful face aglow with sweetness all womanly. There was Mrs. Phelps, with superb gems at her throat and breast, elegant in black, richly trimmed; and Susan B. Anthony, in a small dress, plainer, but not less obedient to the laws of fashion. Anna Dickinson, with pearl-gray silk, trimmed with cherry ribbon about her white throat a chain of gold, to which was suspended a magnificent ornament in the shape of diamonds encircling a ruby fit for an Empress's crown, while over her shoulders hung a rich opera cloak—her pure face lovely with all that wins a woman's heart. I was proud of them, and regretted that the fair sex of which is worthy of imitation in better things."

Says a London letter: The Princess Christian is just recovering from a sudden illness, about which there is thrown a good deal of mystery. She was to have gone to Balmoral with the Queen, but the attack came on the very day of the departure from Windsor, and as the illness was described as serious, the Queen went without her. Rumor credits the princess with having given birth to a daughter.

The following gives the ages of some of the leading actresses in this country: Laura Keene is fifty-six; Mrs. John Drew is over sixty; Mrs. Fowers is forty-five; Maggie Mitchell is forty-one; Charlotte Thompson is forty-four; Effie Germon is forty; Kate Reignolds is forty-three; Lotta is twenty-six; Charlotte Cushman is nearly seventy, and a maiden; Mrs. Davenport is fifty; Lydia Thompson will never see thirty again, and Miss Marriott has arrived at "years of discretion."

Notwithstanding General Sickles accepted the Spanish mission, there are certain conditions connected with it which render it doubtful whether he will enter upon his duties. Secretary Fish has addressed him a letter, asking if he was ready to proceed to his post, as the President was anxious we should have a representative there immediately after the retirement of the present Minister, which takes place July 1.

General Schenck will sail for Europe in the Cunard steamer on the 8th inst.

A year ago Dr. J. T. Peterson died as was reported, of an over dose of laudanum, in Savannah, Georgia. On last Monday, Mrs. Peterson, his widow, who is residing in Philadelphia, was indicted by the Grand Jury of Savannah for his murder. The accusation is of the most extreme beauty and intelligence, and moves in the most refined society. The case excites a great deal of interest.

Gen. Butler has again been interviewed. It is reported that he thinks if England could get a good and abiding footing from somebody the cause of Christian civilization would be put forward a hundred years; and would not seriously object to this country being the instrument of Divine Providence to administer the castigation.

"Burleigh" writes unfavorably to the Boston *Journal*, of some of the noble scions now in the English Parliament. "The Duke of Wellington's son is one of the most dissipated men in the kingdom, prematurely old and broken down, without the ability of an ordinary workman, and who has never in his life, apparently accomplished a thing. The son of that commanding statesman, Sir Robert Peel, to whom he has fallen a victim, is a member of Parliament. He has the size and fullness of his father, a very handsome face, his weak mouth only excepted, and the whole air of the barber, and he dresses in the style of an exquisite. But there is nothing of him. He passes in and out of the House, and is simply pointed out as Sir Robert Peel."

It is stated that Butler has invited Bingham down to Lowell to eat clams and strawberries and "make up." Bingham stands on the indignities he received at Butler's hands last session, and refuses to accept any favors. He wants no more to do with Butler's craftiness until the latter does him open handed justice in the House. We agree to say a kind word to him there, Bingham's heart will not resist. It is probable that we shall see these gentlemen swallowing September plums together, reserving the stones to fling at each other in December.

A dispatch by the cable has already announced the departure of Mr. Peabody, from London, by the steamer Scotia, and he will probably reach New York to-day or to-morrow. In a letter to his nephew, Mr. George W. Peabody, received by Mr. Peabody says: "The feebleness of my health is the cause, referring to his early departure, "and I did not think it prudent to risk the delay until next year, when I had promised to visit you."

The telegraph announces the death of Gen. O'Donnell, in Madrid, whilst speaking in the Cortes against the proposed reduction of the Spanish army. This gentleman was evidently an important and influential man; but was not, as many will be likely to suppose, the Marshal O'Donnell, Count of Lucena and Duke of Tetuan, who has figured so largely in all the revolutionary movements in Spain for some forty years; for he died as early as the autumn of 1867. Neither could he have been the Marshal's son, for he left only one child, a daughter.

SENATOR SPRAGUE, who has just returned from the South, estimates the next cotton crop at two millions or two millions and a quarter bales. Owing to the uncertainty of negro labor, it has become unprofitable to carry on large plantations, and most of the crop is now furnished by farms that yield from one to five and so on, up to fifty bales. He recommends a reduction of the tariff on imports, and that the Government take the business of banking into its own hands and lend out money accumulated in the Treasury in such manner as to afford capital for new enterprises, and set people everywhere to work.

THE ALLEGHENY CONVENTIONS.

Views of the Republican Press of the State.

[From the Lawrence Journal.]

The Pittsburgh "ring" has been gloriously defeated, horse, foot and dragoons, not a single one of the ring candidates having received a nomination. The vote against the clique was overpowering, being over ten to one. Such will always be the result when the people are awakened to the consequences of corruption within the ranks of the party. Much of this result is due to the efforts of the *Commercial* in behalf of honesty. We congratulate that paper on its successful fight and drag corruption.

[From the Scranton Republican.]

In Allegheny county the Pittsburgh COMMERCIAL has been making a very strong fight against the majority of the Legislative delegation and others whom it denominates "the ring," and accuses of corrupt practices. The nominating conventions were held on Tuesday, and the COMMERCIAL claims to have carried every point it attempted to carry. Certain it is, new men were named for almost every position, and the general result may be set down as a strong declaration, by the strongest Republican county in the State, for economy, retrenchment and reform.

[From the Lancaster Express.]

Since the decided indication of public opinion at the election for delegates to the State Convention on Saturday last, there can scarcely remain a doubt that at the coming primary election for the choice of a legislative and county ticket, the Republicans of Lancaster county will prove as true to themselves and to the honor and welfare of the State as their brethren in Allegheny. The masses of the Republican party, we feel sure, are sound, and when they see that a corrupt, reckless clique of politicians could command, attempted to foist a ticket of unprincipled political tricksters upon them they could use for their own base purposes, upon the people. The true spirit, which is a portion of the Republican party, threw itself into the breach, and the defeat of the corruptionists was overwhelming.

The triumph of the people has been complete. A new lease has been given the Republican party in Allegheny.

[From the Harrisburg State Guard.]

The outspoken, independence of the Republican press of the State is working wonders in the way of purifying the party, and wherever thus far, the party has honestly named its election to the Legislature those who were formerly mere tools of rings, and who, elected by the press with corruption are set aside by the people. This fact proves that the Republican press and the Republican masses, are in sympathy.

[From the Johnstown Tribune.]

The course of the COMMERCIAL in denouncing the corruption at Harrisburg last winter was strongly indorsed by the selection of a legislative ticket composed of five new men and two of the old members—Messrs. Humphreys and Miller.

[From the Greenville Argus.]

The results of the Legislative, Judicial and County Conventions, held in Pittsburgh on last Monday, show clearly that the course of the COMMERCIAL, in its warfare against the corruptionists and political tricksters, is fully approved by the people. The COMMERCIAL is a sound Republican paper, and in "*knocking up the rings*," it has strengthened the party.

[From the Cleveland, Ohio, Herald.]

The fight in the Allegheny county Republican nominating Convention on Tuesday was sharp, and the result a complete smash of all slates and fixed up programmes. The men who had worked hardest for the nominations, and thought they had a "sure thing," were mostly left out in the cold, as appears to be the fashion this year—and a very good fashion too. As all parties in the fight profess to be delighted with the result we suppose everything is lovely in Allegheny county to-day. Perhaps politicians can learn something by studying the signs of the times here as elsewhere in other places. This is the slate smashing year.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Fourth Annual Meeting of the Ohio Sabbath School Union—Interesting Proceedings.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

STEUBENVILLE, OHIO, June 4, 1869.

The State Sabbath School Convention of Ohio assembled in this city in the First Presbyterian Church, on Wednesday morning, June 1st. The exercises were opened by singing a hymn and reading a portion of scripture, after which prayer was offered. This was the tenth annual anniversary of the Association, and its object is to unite all evangelical Christians in the great Sabbath School cause, and to discuss the best methods for carrying on the work. According to the programme, the first thing in order after devotional exercises, was the address of welcome to be delivered by Rev. A. M. Reid. But as the delegates for whom it was intended had not yet arrived *en masse*, this speech commencing with the apostolic benediction, "Grace unto you," and peace from God our Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ," was, by request, postponed until a later hour of the day, when it was delivered, and handsomely responded to by the President, Lorin Prentiss, of Cleveland, who gracefully acknowledged the cordial welcome and accepted the courtesies and hospialities tendered to the delegates and strangers within our gates—numbering at least two hundred—in a few well chosen words. We are gratified to be able to say that while a few venal newspapers in the hands of corrupt, weak kneed lackeys have upheld every unrighteous and foul alike, the great mass of the Republican papers and Republican voters have unequivocally condemned extravagance, misrule, ruination and dishonesty wherever and wherever discovered. This constitutes the strength and attests the integrity of the party, and when it fails thus to do its duty it will deservedly lose the public confidence, as it has from power. Let all stand up for the sternest integrity and Republicanism will rule the nation for at least a generation to come.

[From the Blair county Radical.]

The first great battle between the Republican masses and the corruptionists who cling to the party only to make merchandise of its principles, was fought in Allegheny county on Tuesday. Some men in the county, big bugs and mechanics and merchants, who followed the old flag from the Potomac to New Orleans, and had ever been Whigs by their first principles, their substance to the cause of freedom—rallied in their might, and as they gathered around the graves of their comrades, and looked on each, as emblems of remembrance, the choicest flowers, swore that the cause for which their fathers and sons and brothers died should be no longer bartered away by men, and claiming to belong to the Republican party. The contest was fought with a desperation heretofore unknown in politics. The "ring," backed by the Pittsburgh *Gazette* and *Dispatch*, and all the money that a corrupt, notorious clique of politicians could command, attempted to foist a ticket of unprincipled political tricksters upon them they could use for their own base purposes, upon the people. The true spirit, which is a portion of the Republican party, threw itself into the breach, and the defeat of the corruptionists was overwhelming.

The triumph of the people has been complete. A new lease has been given the Republican party in Allegheny.

[From the Bedford Inquirer.]

The Pittsburgh *Gazette* has been making a fierce attack upon the COMMERCIAL because of its exposure and condemnation of various schemes of corrupt legislation at Harrisburg last winter. We are extremely sorry to find the *Gazette*, which we have always deemed a high-toned, independent, Republican paper, attacking its contemporary on grounds so untenable. Whatever may have been the shortcomings of the COMMERCIAL in other respects, the people certainly indorse its course in this matter. That bad, corrupt men will find their way into office in any party cannot be denied. It is impossible to prevent them. But when they are discovered and their acts have marked them as untrustworthy, dishonest men, no paper can pursue any other course than to expose, condemn and endeavor to eject from office at the earliest possible moment every such unfaithful public servant. The course of the *Commercial* in this matter places it in the front rank of every other independent Republican paper in the State.

If the Republican party professes to aim at strict integrity, and is really honest in the management of public affairs, and the sincerity of its professions is well attested by every general condemnation by its press of every incompetent, extravagant or dishonest official that may appear in its ranks. The True Republicanism endeavors to recommend itself to all the people by placing in all lines aiming at the highest integrity. It endeavors to drive demagogues, selfish, dishonest and corrupt men from among the leaders whenever they are discovered, hoping thereby to maintain at all times the highest attainable degree of integrity and efficiency in the administration of public affairs. There is no feature in the Republican party more gratifying to honest men, or that recommends it more strongly to the public confidence than the general unanimity with which every dishonest, corrupt or extravagant measure is condemned. We are gratified to be able to say that while a few venal newspapers in the hands of corrupt, weak kneed lackeys have upheld every unequivocally condemned extravagance, misrule, ruination and dishonesty wherever and wherever discovered. This constitutes the strength and attests the integrity of the party, and when it fails thus to do its duty it will deservedly lose the public confidence, as it has from power. Let all stand up for the sternest integrity and Republicanism will rule the nation for at least a generation to come.

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UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—MILES S. HUMPHREYS, JOSEPH WALTON, ALEXANDER MILLIAR, JAMES TAYLOR, D. N. WHITE, JOHN H. KERR.

ASSISTANT JUDGE OF DISTRICT COURT—JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—F. H. COLLIER.

SHERIFF—HUGH S. FLEMING.

CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.

RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.

TREASURER—J. F. DENNISTON.

REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT—ALEXANDER HILLS.

COMMISSIONER—C. B. BOSTWICK.

DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL MCCLURE.

SOLUTION CITRATE MAGNESIA,

Freshly prepared thrice a week.

SEIDLITZ POWDERS,

Fresh and of full strength.

H. C. BLAIR'S LIQUID RENNET,

Every Bottle Warranted.

EXTRACT VANILLA,

Strictly Pure.

BRANDY AND WINES,

Of Reliable Quality, at

RANKIN'S

Drug and Prescription Store,

44 SIXTH ST., (formerly St. Clair), Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUCCESS A PROOF OF MERIT.

If there were no efficacy in the curative powers of

DR. SARGENT'S

Celebrated Remedies,

They would have been rejected by the public long ago. Their unparalleled success for twenty years before the public for upwards of thirty-seven years, the demand for them is greater now than ever before.

Thousands of sufferers have been relieved, and many confirmed invalids have been restored to health through their instrumentality. Testimonials from the most reliable sources can be furnished by the proprietor, and all who have used them recommend them highly.

ATHENSVILLE, PA., April 21, 1869.

MR. GEO. A. KELLY.—I found your book of Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills of great value to me. They were the only remedy which I found relief, and I will recommend them to all my friends.

MRS. GRATTAN THOMSON.

DR. SARGENT'S

Backache Pills

Are a never-failing remedy for all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs, such as Pains in the Back, Loins and Groins, Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Strangury, Inflammation of the Kidneys, &c., &c.

For Sale by Druggists.

Price Fifty Cents per Box. Sugar-coated.

CAUTION.—Take no other medicine as a substitute for these pills, but if your druggist does not have them, request him to order them. Sent by mail upon receipt of price. Send for circular.

GEORGE A. KELLY,

Wholesale Druggist, corner Second avenue and Wood street, Pittsburgh.

S. BEYMER, } Late of B. L. Fahnestock & Co.
R. F. BAUMAN, } Late of B. L. Fahnestock, Fortune & Co.

BEYMER, BAUMAN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Pure White Lead,

DRY AND IN OIL.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, No. 24 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

BEYMER, BAUMAN & CO. PURE WHITE LEAD. PITTSBURGH.

ORANGE MINERAL, RED LEAD, PUTTY, ZINC COLORS.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

The Cherry Run Hotel,

AT ROUSEVILLE, PA.,

WITH THE FURNITURE AND FIXTURES COMPLETE.

It is the only Licensed Hotel in the place; will accommodate over eighty guests. Has two Billiard Rooms with three Tables. Bar-room and dining room well stocked with Liquors, a Barber Shop, Bath Room, stable, and every convenience for doing a good Hotel; is in perfect running order, and doing a large and paying business, as will be shown to the satisfaction of any one desiring to purchase, and will be sold cheap. Reason for selling, the property is owned by New York parties who are unable to give the business their attention. For information or terms, apply in person or by letter to

C. W. CASTLE, Agent,
Rousseville, Venango county, Pa.

Important to Housekeepers.

Chimney Sweeping.

J. & W. PRESCOTT,

19 AND 21 ISABELLA STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

Are prepared at all times to CLEAN CHIMNEYS, so as to prevent smoking. Also, to set Fire Grates and Top Chimneys. All work warranted and done in the best manner.

Also, keep on hand the MAGIC COOKING RANGE, in which can be used any kind of coal, and is superior to any Range sold west of the mountains. Every Range is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. For sale only by

J. & W. PRESCOTT,

19 and 21 Isabella street, Alleghenycity.

All orders left at Toll House of Suspension Bridge will receive prompt attention.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS,

No. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh. Chartered in 1852.

Open Daily, from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent. free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:

GEO. A. BERRY, President.
A. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, Jr., V. Presidents.
D. E. M'KINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, R. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, John Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
D. W. & A. S. Bell Solicitors. MTh2p

DWELLING HOUSES

FITTED FOR

Gas and Water,

AT LOWEST RATES.

PHILLIPS & CLULEYS,

No. 110 WATER STREET.

JOHN W. CHRONISTER,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

CORNER NINTH AND PENN STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARRY ALGEO,

(Late of John Stevenson & Son),

ENGRAVER,

45 SIXTH, LATE ST. CLAIR STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS indebted to the late firm of

BECKHAM & LONG,

Are hereby notified to settle their accounts at once, and save cost. The creditors are requested to send in their accounts properly authenticated.

C. RUSSELL,
C. AULTMAN, Assignees,
No. 127 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

2 HARRISON STRAM BOILERS, 37 HORSE POWER.
ALSO—FITTINGS, COMPLETE.

All of which may be seen at the Aladdin Warehouse, No. 43 Market st.

If BRERETON & WILKINS.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

JUST OPENED BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 FIFTH AVENUE.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

HOOFLAND'S BITTERS,
HOOFLAND'S TONIC,
NICHOLS' COD LIVER OIL,
NICHOLS' BARK AND IRON,

For Sale by the Dozen or Single Bottle.

CONCENTRATED LYE,
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COLGATE'S SOAPS,
PERFUMERY,
FANCY GOODS,

ANYTHING IN THE DRUG LINE,

FOR SALE

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

BY

WM. J. SNODGRASS,

CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STS.,

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WELL OPERATORS AND BORERS WANTED.

The undersigned and associates control, by purchase and otherwise, several thousand acres of the best OIL LANDS in Venango county, Pa. They desire to put a few leases on such Farm on very favorable terms to men who are known to be thoroughly competent in every way.

Most of the Lands are located directly on the OIL REEF from Pithole Creek southward to Oil City, on the same line to Scrub Grass; and they have also some very choice Farms in the neighborhood. All the above property has been purchased by the present owners, who have had much experience in selecting territory and regardless of cost, so they secured it that they believed to be the best in the country. Parties intending to operate for Oil will do well to apply immediately to some one of the undersigned, who has authority to give Leases.

C. D. ANGELL,
Scrub Grass, Venango county, Pa.
C. S. WHITE,
Oil City, Pa.
MILES W. GREER,
Franklin, Pa., or
F. PRENTICE,
26 Pine street, New York.

d*

Jas. W. Arrott,

GENERAL

Insurance Agent,

No. 167 Wood Street,

Near Sixth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

THE FOLLOWING FIRST-CLASS

Fire Insurance Companies,

ARE REPRESENTED AT THIS AGENCY.

CASH ASSETS OVER	
Continental	$2,000,000
Lorillard	1,500,000
Niagara	1,350,000
Yonkers, N. Y.	800,000
North American	750,000
Washington	750,000
Commonwealth	400,000
Astor	400,000
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Insurance effected to any extent in other Reliable Companies without expense to the Insured, and at the Lowest Current Rates.

APPLY TO OR ADDRESS

J. W. ARROTT,

167 WOOD ST.

1,000

Good Envelopes,

FOR $1 80.

Our cheap Note Paper was such a decided success that we have been induced to bring out a cheap Envelope. We are now ready to furnish a Box of Fifty Thousand of the above. The color is Dark Amber Envelopes, Double Thick. They are such Envelopes as usually sell for $3 50 per M, and we issue them at this price for the purpose of introduction. Parties will be astonished to send out these Envelopes. They will be found Strong, Reliable and Durable. We have also, at $1 25 per M. We will print the address of the sender in the upper left hand corner, thereby making them cheaper than the stamped Envelopes furnished by the Government. No quantity less than 1,000 sold.

J. L. READ & SON,

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Stationers and Booksellers,

102 FOURTH AVENUE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

Have on hand at their Warerooms,

26 and 28 Sixth, late St. Clair, Street,

Or their own and other Manufactures, a full Stock of

Floor Oil Cloths,

Green Oil Cloths, for Window Shades.

WINDOW SHADES,

For Stores and Dwellings, Enameled and

FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,

Of Every Variety, in the different Lines.

Also

AS. T. BRADY & Co.

(SUCCESSORS TO S. JONES & CO.)

or. Fourth and Wood Streets

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

OVERNMENT SECURITIES

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Low Market Rates.

Orders Solicited for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

ER WILL REGISTER ALL KINDS OF GOVERNMENT BONDS,

FREE OF CHARGE.

This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

COR. FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS. tf

Holders of Coupon Bonds,

5-20s of 1862,

Can realize a handsome profit by exchanging them for Registered Bonds.

LATER ISSUES CONVERTED ON FAVORABLE TERMS.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.

Cor. Fourth ave. and Smithfield St.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, June 5, 1869.

There was an easy feeling in our local money market throughout the past week. Money was in good supply, and the demand has not been heavy on account of the present dullness of trade. Deposits have increased, and there is considerable idle capital seeking long investments. There is a large class of lenders who will only loan on mortgage securities, and hence there is constant demand for this class. The average business of late in local stocks has been very light. Some inquiry is reported for insurance stocks, which seem to be in more favor.

—The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House, for the week ending Saturday, June 5, 1869:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
May 31	$ 364,300 35	$94,327 11
June 1	511,598 11	96,962 29
" 2	1,055,755 95	134,066 24
" 3	442,759 91	120,569 66
" 4	419,915 55	58,248 77
" 5	550,592 93	102,064 71
Total	$2,800,541 87	$606,168 89

—In New York the week closes with an easier feeling in money, the rate on call loans being 7 per cent. on gold, and in most cases 7 per cent. on Government. Money continues to flow into the Treasury quite freely, the present currency balances being $23,000,000; of which $13,000,000 is held in the Sub-Treasury there.

The free flow of currency into the Treasury, however, is nothing more than is usual at this season and does not interfere with the ordinary summer ease of the market. The banks show their confidence in the future steadiness of the market by offers to lend at very low rates at current rates. Discounts remain steady and fairly active at 7@8 per cent.

Gold has showed more firmness than yesterday, the price having ranged at 138⅛@138¾. There has been a good deal of speculative buying, and especially on the part of the German bankers, which, together with the rise in foreign exchange, has induced a "bullish" feeling in the room. The steamer Maine, from Bremen, took out $16,000 in specie. The imports continue large, the total for the last six days being $5,652,000 against $4,250,000 for the same period of last year.

The United States bonds, though quiet, show more firmness, the market being slightly higher. Bonds at London are quoted 80⅞, which, with the upward tendency in gold, naturally produces a stronger feeling on the home market. There is an active demand for '67s, which on the first call sold at 103¾.

While the general business of Wall street is beginning to show something of the dullness which sets in with the summer months the operations in the various markets are of sufficient interest and importance to delay many a professional stock dealer's visit to the watering places. We infer, in this respect, probably have a later season in Wall street than usual. The principal cause for such a decline have been assisted during the past few days by the sales of real holdings, but as yet there are no indications that the combinations controlling the active stocks have lost confidence in a fruitful rise. The variant of speculative sales outstanding renders it impossible for the combinations to give their stocks a sudden upward turn at any time.

The following table, made up from dispatches received at A. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo Building, No. 80 Fourth avenue, shows the prices of Railway Stocks, Gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Boards during the day:

	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 45	2 45
June 5, 1869.	A M	A M	A M	P M	P M
New York Central	192½	192	192¾	192½	192¾
Hudson River					
Harlem		150		150	
Reading	99	99	99	99	99½
Michigan Central		130		130½	
Michigan Southern	113½	114	114½	114½	114½
Illinois Central		142½		142	
Cleveland and Pittsburgh		102½		102½	102
Fort Wayne	129	128½	128½	128½	128½
Chicago and Northwestern	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾
Do preferred	103½	103½	103½	103½	104
Cleveland and Toledo	101	101	101	101	101
Rock Island	121¾	122	122	121¾	121¾
Toledo and Wabash					
Toledo and Wabash, pref.					
Chicago and Alton		156½		156½	
Do preferred		135½		135½	
St. Paul, preferred		84½		84½	
Ohio and Mississippi		34½		34½	
Pacific Mail		128½		128½	
Western Union Telegraph		42¾		42¾	
Adams Express		60		60	
United States Express		14¾		14¾	
Merchants' Union Express		24½		24½	
American Express		24¾		24¾	
Wells, Fargo & Co.		34¾		34¾	
United States Ex.		66¾		66¾	

—The formal opening of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Road takes place to-day (Saturday), when it will be ready for business as a competitor for the traffic of the Pacific Railroad. The heavy speculative sales of the stock during the past month have attracted considerable remark, and the impression has gained ground that the Erie clique, who at one time held the stock, have sold out, and that both the cash and sellers' option stock has been taken either by the Rock Island or New York Pennsylvania Central Roads, both of which are now desirous of extending their lines so as to make a direct connection with the Pacific Road. This could be done either by purchase or lease of the Northwestern Railway, or by purchase of the Rock Island. The Rock Island road has a monopoly of the grain trade named road, but the directors have control of the road for a year longer, and an immediate connection could not be had, so long as it is held by either corporation. The Northwestern road, on the other hand, although representing a large capital, possesses advantages that will undoubtedly attract the attention of the Pacific roads. The New York Central road has already been mentioned as the party most likely to take this road. In addition to the trunk line from Chicago to Omaha, its branch lines tap the grain regions of the Northwest in every direction, and its large increase in way traffic is the most favorable symptom of its business. It also has the advantage of already owning real estate with a long river front at Chicago, that would give the consolidation the necessary room needed for passenger and freight, without having to purchase at the present high prices. The cordial relations now existing between the managers of the Old Southern road (who control the Northwestern road,) with the New Central direction, would make the consolidation comparatively easy of accomplishment. The interests of the two Companies do lie in the same direction, and the lines from New York to Omaha could be operated at much less expense under one administration than under the present management. With a through road to Chicago this year, the New York Central would be the first in the field, and would make a strong effort to control the business from New York to San Francisco. Their rivals, however, are equally eager for the business, and will make an effort to do so. The election of the Directors of the Michigan Southern Company, and completes the Vanderbilt line to Chicago. The next move forward will be watched with much interest by the stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, and the Southwestern Railways.

—James W. Kennedy, Broker, No. 80 Fourth Avenue (Apollo Building) dealer in United States Bonds, State and Municipal Securities, Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Being represented in the New York Stock Boards every day while in session, he purchases and sells on commission all stocks on the regular lists on the same terms as the New York brokers, Governments, Gold and Railway Stocks purchased for customers on the usual margin.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, June 5.—Flour quiet. No. 2 and 1 city ground spring at 7@7 50; Wheat dull and lower, at $1 24@1 25 for No. 2 spring; sales of 3,500 bushels No. 2 Racine at $1 24; 15,000 bushels No. 2 spring at $1 24; 30,000 bushels reported to arrive at $1 24. Corn dull and weak; sales of 2,000 bushels at 90c. Oats dull and declining. Rye nominal. Barley—season over. Western at 75c. Lard steady at 19c. Highwines nominally $2 36.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, June 5.—Flour quiet. Wheat—amber better; sales of 3,000 bushels No. 1 red at $1 27 No. 2 do at $1 25. Corn steady at 85@c for No. 1; 66c for No. 2. Oats unchanged. Rye dull and nominally 90c for No. 2. Barley dull and nominally unchanged. Mess pork at $9 96. Barley dull and none offering.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, June 5.—Flour unchanged. Wheat steady; sales of 5,000 bushels No. 1 red at $1 27@1 30. Corn steady at 85@c for No. 1. Oats firm at 65@c for Southern and 60@c for Maryland. Provisions unchanged. Whisky steady at $1 05@1 06.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } SATURDAY EVENING, June 5, 1869. }

Trade to-day ruled quiet, as it has done in most branches of trade throughout the past week. Prices are generally tending downward for most articles of produce, especially is this the case in flour on account of the bright prospects of the growing crop. Wheat is coming in freely. On the wharf to-day we noticed a large lot of choice Southern white and amber wheat unloading from the steamer Glasgow for the Pearl Mill, and another large cargo of the same quality reported on the way for the same firm. Wheat is coming in so liberally and prices declining so rapidly that another reduction is made to-day in the prices of the Pearl Mill for their choice brands, made of best Agnber, Southern, etc. The City Mills lately reduced their figures. The Pearl and other city mills are now manufacturing flour and selling it as low as the same grades can be placed here from any part of the country. Bacon, lard, etc., continues quite active but unchanged in price. Butter is in fair supply and prices drooping. Eggs are scarce and higher. The changes will be noted below:

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—Market dull. We quote nominally common to good at $3 50@4 50, and very choice in a retail way at from $6 00@8 00 ₱ bbl, as to quality.

ANTLE BUTTER—Market dull at 90c@$1 00 ₱ gallon.

BEANS—Dull, and nominally 32@2 30 for the best small white.

BUTTER—Receipts liberal but mostly in bad order, the best grades will not command over 23@25c ₱ lb, and very little the latter figure. Common and medium grades dull and prices ranging from 18c to 18c ₱ lb, as to condition.

EGGS—Scarce and firmer for choice packed or selected. Sales of choice to extra at 19@20c ₱ dozen.

BACON, LARD, ETC.—There is a fair demand and the market is steady. We quote sugar-cured hams 16c, canvassed 19½@20c; plain hams 17½@17½c; sugar-cured 21@22c; plain breakfast bacon 19½c ₱ lb. Lard in tierces 15@15½c, and in kegs 16@16½c.

LARD OIL—Market steady. Extra No. 1 $1 50 @1 75; No. 1 $1 25@1 40.

HOMINY—Market dull at $5 00@5 25 ₱ bbl.

LIME—We quote Cleveland lime at $2 50 ₱ bbl, and white lime at 75 ₱ bbl.

MAPLE MOLLASSES—Sales by the gallon jug at $1 25@1 50.

CHEESE—Sales of Western Reserve at 16@17c; Ohio factory 18c; Ohio cheddar 20c; New York Goshen at 22@23c, and Sweitzer at 19@ 19½c ₱ lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Market dull; sales of peaches at 13@14c for quarters; 15c for sliced, and 17@ 18c for halves. Dried apples are scarce and in demand at 13@13½c, as to quality.

MILL FEED—The Pearl Mill prices are: ¾ 100 wholesale for bran, $1 10, for shipstuff, $1 30; for middlings, $1 50; for screenings, $1 00; for chop $1 50, and for sweepings $2 00.

SEEDS—No demand for clover or timothy seed, and prices nominal. Flax seed in limited supply and may be quoted at $2 50 ₱ bushel.

VEGETABLES—Market dull. Peachblows from store are quoted at 50@55c in sacks, and in bulk at 40@45c ₱ bushel. Buckeyes are entirely nominal in price. New Norfolk potatoes sell by the barrel at $3 75@4.

HAY—Sales in car load lots at $1 80@1 85, and $1 90@2 00 in a retail way.

TAR—Sales of North Carolina tar at $3 75@ 5 00, as to size of package.

PICKLES—Sales at from 75@90c ₱ hundred, as to quality.

HAY—Receipts by country wagons good, and prices unchanged at from $20 to $25 ₱ ton.

STRAWBERRIES—Sales at 25@30c ₱ box by the case.

FLOUR—Under large receipts of flour, and a most promising crop of wheat the market is unsettled and prices are drooping. The Pearl Mills to-day reduced their prices on all their grades of fresh ground flour ½ bbl. On the first of the month they had made a reduction of 30c, making 70c ₱ bbl of a reduction in seven days. This decline shows the depreciation in wheat, and we are assured that prices will still further decline—a gratifying fact for all classes, and more especially the poor and laboring. Prices from store are irregular, owing to the various brands upon the market. We quote nominally good in the sack at $5 50@6 00; choice spring in barrels $7, and in sacks $6 75; winter wheat in barrels $7 50@7 75, and in sacks $7 25; Pearl Mill prices for fresh ground flours are as follows: Pearl Mill three star, green brand, in barrels $8 00, and in sacks $8 70; double extra of selected amber and white winter wheat, in barrels $7 90, and in sacks $8 60; double extra red winter wheat flour, in barrels $7 90, and in sacks $8 60; spring wheat flour in barrels $6 00, and in sacks $6 50. The Pittsburgh City Mill prices are as follows: Choice white winter wheat flour in barrels $8 00, and in sacks $7 75; choice red winter wheat flour in barrels $7 50, and in sacks $7 25; choice spring wheat flour in barrels $6 75, and in sacks $6 50 ₱ barrel.

CORN MEAL—Kiln dried, cold boiled, ₱ bbl of 4 bushels, $3 75, and by the bushel 85@90c.

RYE FLOUR—We quote at $5 50@6 ₱ bbl, as to quality.

GRAIN—Market quiet, with not much doing and prices declining. Red winter wheat is dull at $1 35. Oats selling from first hands at 65@ 66c, and from store at 70@75c. Corn is dull and on the track at 70@75c, as to quality, and from store at 75@80c. Rye is dull and weak at $1 20 ₱ bushel. Barley dull and nominally about $1 40@1 70 for choice.

CORN MEAL—Kiln dried and unchanged. We quote highwines at $1; Common rectified at $1 05, and improved rectified $1 10. Rye and corn whisky at $1 75; old Monongahela, two years old, $2 25, and old Monongahela, three years old, $3 50 ₱ gallon. Very old whiskies are scarce, and sell at high and nominal prices, varying from $5 00@8 00 ₱ gallon.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } MONDAY, June 7, 1869. }

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week and from the first of January; and exports of refined and of crude by the Allegheny Valley Railroad and the Pennsylvania Central:

	Receipts Crude per river and rail.	Exports per Penn. R. R.	Exports per A. V. R. R.
Monday, May 31	6,972	712	
Tuesday, June 1	5,360	424	3,000
Thursday, June 3	1,025		1,524
Friday, June 4	6,040	242	
Saturday, June 5	1,627	419	1,775
Total for the week	18,124	1,815	8,834
Since Jan. 1st	259,026	37,504	114,213
To June 5th	277,150	39,111	124,847
Same time in 1868	530,926	49,276	150,289

BUSINESS.

The market since our last has undergone various changes; prices have varied almost daily, at one time favoring buyers at another sellers—such is trade. The market on Friday was firm, with a decided advance established on all deliveries, both crude and refined. Holders were disposed to be jolly, being the first opportunity for some time. The week's sales and resales, including "puts" and calls, were large, amounting in the aggregate to 110,000 barrels; being in excess of last week 24,000 barrels—principally of the raw material.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The receipts of crude for the past two weeks were as follows:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, bbls	7,252	18,124
Being an increase of		17,892

The crude receipts from all points by river and rail for the past five years were:

From January 1 to June 5, 1869	277,150
Same time in 1868	530,926
Same time in 1867	601,640
Same time in 1866	473,315
Same time in 1865	135,000

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The exports of Refined east for the past two weeks were as follows:

	Last week.	This week.
Pennsylvania Railroad	1,815	1,815
Allegheny Valley	7,760	8,634
Total	12,589	10,449

Exports of refined East for the past two years, from January 1st to date:

	Last year.	This year.
Per Allegheny Valley R. R.	150,290	124,847
Per Pennsylvania Central	49,276	39,111
Total	203,566	163,958

SALES.

The Crude and Refined sales and resales for the past two weeks were as follows:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude bbls	99,700	110,000
Refined	31,500	42,000
Total	95,700	119,000

SATURDAY'S TRANSACTIONS.

The market on Saturday exhibited increasing firmness, a liberal advance on the previous day's prices being established on all deliveries ranging from a half to one and a half cents ₱ gal, and activity was the ruling feature of the market. The rush was so great on the sales to the extent of 30,500 bbls, as follows:

CRUDE OIL.

6,000 bbls each July to December at			15½c
3,000 bbls June S. O. at			14½c
3,000 bbls June S. O. at			14½c
2,000 bbls 1,000 each June to December at			15c
2,000 bbls June S. O. at			14½c
1,000 bbls July S. O. at			14½c
2,000 bbls August			14½c

FERRYMAN, CLARK—Prices steadily advancing. We are reported sales to the extent of 8,500 bbls as follows:

SALES OF REFINED.

1,000 bbls spot	32½c
1,500 bbls June	32½c
1,000 bbls August	32½c
1,000 bbls June, last half	32½c
1,000 bbls July	32½c
3,000 bbls, 500 each June to September	32½c

A well has been struck at Maple Grove, which is flowing and is now receiving five barrels daily. It is owned by A. C. Chase and G. B. Dawson.

DISPATCHES,

The following dispatches were received:

OIL CITY DISPATCH.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, PA., June 5, 12:30 P. M.—Market strong and excited. Sales at 5; now asking 35 to 36; 25.

OIL CITY, June 5, 1:20 P. M.—Market excited at 32; 25@32; 50; now asking 33; very little to buy.

TITUSVILLE June 5, 5 P. M.—Market closed firm at 34 70; sales 1,000 bbls at 34 70.

FRANKLIN, June 5, 3 P. M.—Market quiet; buyers offered 35; no sales.

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.—The market has been strong and somewhat excited, though sales small on account of the very light offerings, closing slightly easier but no decline in prices. June 32½c July 32½@33c; August 33c; September 34c; August and October 33@33½c; August and December 33@33½c. Sales 1,000 bbls, September, at 31½c; 500 do, June, 31½c; 2,000 do, June, 32½c; 1,000 do, July, 33c; 1,000 do, June, 32½c; 500 do, August, 33c. Crude in bulk reported at 25 offered.

ANTWERP, June 5.—47½ francs.

LIVERPOOL, June 5.—Unchanged.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Crude, 34c. Refined, 32c. Market excited and strong.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Fisher Bros	6718	Waring & King	570
Lockhart & Frew	569	J. Irwin	570
M'Kelvy Bros	520	D. Wilkins	320
Pennock & Beeson	100	G. S. Thomas	2,100
Total			9,910

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Brown & Wagner, 250 bbls ref to Waring & Co, Philadelphia.

Chicora Oil Company, 209 bbls ref to Tack Bros, Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Longue & Stockdale, 290 bbls refined to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

P Wise, Bridge & Co, 150 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined.....

Oil Shipped East by Penna. Central R. R.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co, 54 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Oil Shipped East by Western Penna R. R.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co, 73 bbls refined to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, June 5.—Flour quiet. Wheat—No 2 Chicago spring at 95c. Corn dull and lower, at 75c for No. 2 mixed. Oats dull and lower, at 55c for No. 2. Rye nominal. Barley—season over. Pork firm at $22. Lard steady at 19c. Highwines nominally $2 36.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, June 5.—Flour quiet. Wheat—amber better; sales of 3,000 bushels No. 1 red at $1 27; No. 2 do at $1 25. Corn steady at 85@c for No. 1; 66c for No. 2. Oats unchanged. Rye dull and nominally 90c for No. 2. Barley dull and nominally unchanged. Mess pork at $9 96.

Milwaukie Market.

MILWAUKEE, June 5.—Flour dull and nominally unchanged. Wheat steady at $1 14 for No 1 and $1 11½ for No 2. Corn firm and inactive at 86c for No 2. Corn dull and nominal; 57c for rejected new. Rye nominally lower. Barley nominal. Grain freights firm to Buffalo 8c; to Oswego 13½c.

IRON.

IRONTON, OHIO.

Since our last report, says the *Journal*, there have been received 730 tons of pigs and 455 tons shipped. The price still rules firm and the demand continues good. Foundry No. 1 is sold in advance of receipts and is scarce. We quote:

Mill, hot blast, No. 1	$40 00@42 00
Foundry, hot blast, No. 1	46 00@48 00
Hecla, cold blast, No. 1 Carwheel	60 00@68 00
Etna, cold blast, No. 1 Carwheel	60 00

BITUMINOUS.

Belfont No. 1..... $40 00

Iair is in good demand and the mills have choice orders at 32@33c for rates. Nails are in better demand but the price remains unchanged; $4 50 for 10d to 60d is our quotations. Grant Furnace produced 1,000 tons in the thirty feet high. The Monster Furnace at Ashland has been fired to dry out the brick-work, and will soon go into blast. Vesuvius Furnace is about ready for blast, well repaired and heavily stocked.

PORTSMOUTH IRON MARKET.

Since the last report 550 tons have been received and 470 shipped, besides home consumption. We quote:

Foundry 2 ton	$47@48
Mill "	44@45
Cold blast "	50@60
Hot blast "	40@45

Portsmouth Republican.

Provisions at Cincinnati.

The market for provisions during the past week, says the circular of Geo. W. Phillips, has ruled quiet but steady until the close, when the Gilchrist increased and quoted 60c and refined firmer and higher. The orders are chiefly consumptive, but there has been large sales made for delivery all this month, principally of bacon. Holders seem to be inspired with considerable confidence as to the future of the trade and are careless about selling at present offering prices. Stocks in the West are undoubtedly much lighter now than they have been any previous season at this date for several years past, hence the confidence now displayed. The market closes firm at quotations below, with an upward tendency.

Mess Pork has been light all the week at $31, with indifferent sellers, but closes firm at $31 50, generally held at $32; no orders reported.

Rumps in light supply at 25@26 00, as in quality.

Lard has ruled quiet all the week, buyers and sellers being apart in their views; 14 is generally held at 14c, with no buyers over 13½c. Keg nominally 15½@16c.

Greases—9½ to 13c for the range of greases.

Sicaline—Prime scarce and wanted at 17½ to 18c.

Bulk meats have been in moderate demand, with sales of shoulders at 12c, clear rib 13½c; clear 13½c. Rib sides scarce at 13½c. Hams scarce at 18½@19c.

Bacon closes in fair demand at 13½, 16½ and 17½ for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides, with but a limited amount of smoke. There is a good demand for rib sides, but none out of smoke or smoking. Sugar cured hams 18@19c; plain 19@19½c; second pickle 17½c. Dried Beef 19@19½c, canvassed and packed.

Plate beef dull at 15@16. Breakfast bacon 18@18½c, canvassed and packed.

Nashville Cotton Market.

NASHVILLE, June 5.—Cotton firm with an active demand; low middling 29½c; good ordinary 25½c.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 138⅝@138½.

NEW YORK, June 5—P. M.

MONEY.

Money easier and supply liberal at 7 ₱ cent. on call, with exceptions at 6 ₱ cent.

THE BANK'S WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

An unfavorable bank statement had a depressing influence, however, on the Stock Exchange, and the loss in deposits and legal tenders accounts for the scarcity in money during the week, and reflects heavy receipts of currency by the Treasury from income tax, and sales of gold in payment of bonds. There have also been some shipments of currency to the West.

Loans	$278,919,000	Increase.....$ 944,148
Specie	19,661,133	Increase..... 1,779,933
Circulation	32,957,761	Increase..... 83,130
Deposits	199 120 670	Increase..... 3,981,230
Legal Tenders	43,289,039	Decrease..... 4,750,499

SPECIALTIES.

Firm at 138⅛@138½.

GOLD

Opened at 138⅛, advanced to 138¾, and closed at 138½ @138⅝. Carrying rates 5@7 cent. Clearances $69,000,000. Exports for the week $10,545,000, and for the week $927,242.

GOVERNMENTS

Firm at a fractional advance without much business. Coupon 6s, 1881, 113½@113¾; do 5-20s, 1862, 111½@ 111⅝; do new, 110@110⅛; do 67, 110⅝@110⅞; 10 40s, 104½.

STATE BONDS

Steady. Missouris 86@87; and Tennessees 67@68; new 66@66½; new North Carolinas 59@59½; Virginias 61@62.

STOCKS

The stock market was firm until the bank statement was known, when there was a decline of ¼@¾ ₱ cent. on the entire list. There was an increased disposition to sell, but the weakest stocks were New York Central, Michigan Southern and Rock Island. The lease of the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad to this Central has been officially signed. The market closed feverish and with unsettled bidding.

$30 PIECES.

Cumberland, 34; American, 99½; Adams' Express, 60; United States, 46; Merchants', 16½; Mariposa, 8; Western Union Telegraph, 35½; Canton, 65½; Pacific Mail, 83½; Western Union, 42½; Ohio and Mississippi, 34½; Wells, Fargo & Co., 34¾; New York Central, 192½; Erie, 99½; do preferred, 103½; Hudson River, 130; Reading, 99¾; Michigan Central, 130; Michigan Southern, 114½; Illinois Central, 142½; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 102½; Chicago and Rock Island, 122; Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne, 128½; Chicago and Northwestern, 92¾; do preferred, 103½; Northwestern, 69¾; do preferred, 86½; New York and Harlem, 150; New York and New Haven, 135; Fort Wayne, 128½; Cleveland and Toledo, 101; Rock Island, 121¾; Northwestern, 92¾; do preferred, 103¾; St. Paul, 84½; do preferred, 93½; Ohio and Mississippi, 34½; Illinois Central, 142½; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 102½; Michigan Southern, 113½; Illinois Central, 142½; Pittsburgh, 128½; Rock Island, 122; Northwestern, 92¾; do preferred, 103¾; St. Paul, 84½; do preferred, 93½; Ohio and Mississippi, 34½; Illinois Central, 142½; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 102½; Chicago and Rock Island, 122; Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne, 128½; Chicago and Northwestern, 92¾; do preferred, 103½; Northwestern, 69¾; do preferred, 86½; New York and Harlem, 150; New York and New Haven, 135; Fort Wayne, 128½; Cleveland and Toledo, 101; Rock Island, 121¾

The Daily Commercial.

CITY MATTERS.

AQUATICS.

Coulter's Challenge to Hamill--Proposed Regatta on the Fourth of July, &c.

Henry Coulter is out in a challenge to Jimmy Hamill, which it is not unlikely the "Little Engine" will accept. The following is Coulter's letter:

I do hereby challenge James Hamill to row me a five mile race, on the lower Monongahela course, for from five hundred dollars to one thousand dollars a side. My race with Mr. Hamill, at Philadelphia, last summer, not having proved satisfactory to me or my friends, I desire to row him again, and as he had the choice of waters then, I think that this time I have the right to choose, and therefore name the lower Monongahela course, as stated above.

I hope that Mr. Hamill will accommodate me in this matter, and that we may have a race rowed to a satisfactory conclusion. If Mr. Hamill will name, through any of the city papers, where I can meet him in order to make a deposit to insure the match, I will be happy to meet him.

HENRY COULTER.

When we last saw Hamill he was busily engaged in building or repairing a telegraph line, and does not seem to have been giving boating matters much attention of late. He will no doubt take cognizance of Coulter's challenge, and tell him frankly what he will do.

PROPOSED REGATTA.

Mr. John W. Pittock, the enterprising flag manufacturer, has addressed a circular to the various boating clubs of Allegheny county, in which he proposes a regatta for the 3d of July—the 4th falling upon Sunday—and in order to further the sport Mr. Pittock very generously offers two prizes, as follows: "The first prize, an elegant stand of colors, valued at from fifty to one hundred dollars, to be open only to four-oared shells, and the second prize, a stand of colors, valued at from fifty to seventy-five dollars, to be open for single sculls; the winner of the first prize being declared the four-oared champions of Allegheny county, and the winner of the second prize the single scull champion of Allegheny county. In the single-scull contest, however, professional oarsmen to be debarred."

TYLER AND MEKELL.

Joon Tyler, Jr., having refused to leave Boston to row Mekell, the latter has agreed to row Tyler on the Charles river, for a purse of $500; distance, two miles—Tyler to allow Mekell fifty dollars for expenses. The proposition will probably be accepted by Tyler.

THE INTERNATIONAL MATCHES.

The London Rowing Club has sent an open challenge to the Harvard University Boat Club "to row a match against the members of your University at any time you may think proper, and over any distance on the Metropolitan Championship course in eights, fours, pairs and sculls, or either, as may be most convenient to you. As you so far honor your country as to come so great a distance to promote international aquatic sport, we gladly leave all other conditions in your hands, trusting to you to fix equal and sportsmanlike terms." The above challenge is accompanied by the following note: "As some members of your club propose visiting England this year with the intention of rowing against the members of Oxford University, with a view of proving which country can produce the better oarsmen, the London Rowing Club consider that it might be prejudicial to your claim of championship of the world, were you to return home as victors without having tried your strength against its members, as they at present hold the symbols of most important matches in this kingdom."

A. P. Loring, Captain of the Harvard University Boat Club, has accepted the challenge of the Cambridge University Club of England, to row a four-oared race this summer.

REGATTA AT LOUISVILLE.

The spring regatta came off at Louisville on the 4th instant, and was witnessed by thousands of spectators, who thronged the bank along the entire course. There were six races with eighteen entries. The first, for single sculls, was won by the boat Lewis Rehm, in fifteen minutes and fifty seconds. There were four entries for this race. One withdrew and three started. In getting off they got in the waves of the ferry-boat and the last, John Duffy, manned by Billy Mulholland, and the Unknown, manned by H. Time, collided, the Unknown striking the Duffy fit the middle, cutting her completely in two, and precipitating her crew into the water. The man was rescued. He was not hurt. The other races were well contested, and good time was made, considering the condition of the river, which was very rough. The fifth race, between the boats John Thomas and the Chas. Kramer, was by far the most interesting. It was won by the Thomas in thirteen minutes and eighteen seconds. During the race the great rain storm came up, which put a stop to the sport. The distance run was two miles—one up stream and return.

ADMIRAL PORTER ON ROWING.

Vice Admiral Porter has written a letter to the *Army and Navy Journal*, commending its editor for his interest in aquatic sports. The Admiral says: "This will not only add much to the interest your readers will take in your valuable paper, but it will have the effect of inducing persons belonging to the navy to embark in boating sports, in my opinion the best of all amusements. To say nothing of its great attraction in the way of sport, boating is certainly one of the most useful exercises, developing every muscle of the human frame, and bringing health and vigor to the most puny constitution. It is useful to get up races abroad between our vessels and those of foreign nations, if only to give an insight into the speed of their boats and some knowledge of the muscle of the men who row them. It may be necessary to know something of them in time of war, in case we should ever come to blows with the folks across the water. My great desire at the Naval Academy has been to develope the physique of naval officers. A puny officer can never efficiently lead boarders or repel them. I have started several boat clubs at the Naval Academy, which, I think, can compete successfully with any that row on salt or fresh water. They can make their good three miles in twenty minutes, which is fast time. I should like some good boat club to try it with the midshipmen, and then we could tell better how near the latter come to the mark. One thing is certain, the exercise develops the muscles more than any other, and I should be delighted to see the sport patronized, more particularly in the navy. I think it should also that officers of the navy abroad should procure the best models of boats and send them home. This they would be more apt to do if they became interested in aquatic exercises, when their attention would be more particularly directed to this important matter."

Acknowledgement.

The Committee having charge of the "Home for the Friendless" during the past month, present their thanks to Messrs. Grat, Jones, Burchfield and the Citizen's Passenger Railway Company, for providing conveyance for soldiers' orphans under their care, to the cemetery and back, on Decoration Day; to Mr. J. W. Pittock for seventy-two beautiful flags which he presented to the children; to the ladies of the Monumental Association for oysters, picture cards and a splendid dinner at City Hall, where the children received every possible attention from the ladies and gentlemen present. They also tender their thanks to the following merchants, who so kindly and cheerfully gave the materials for the white dresses worn by the little girls at the anniversary held on last Thursday afternoon: Mess. J. Narr, Thompson & Grotzinger, Gordon, Laugh, Coogan, Bailey, Hartz, Shannon, D. Gregg & Co., McCandless, McElroy, Dickson & Co., to Miss Jennie Smith for the baskets of rare and beautiful flowers and wreaths and ferns that adorned the tables, and to Col. Lowen for the roses, honeysuckles and evergreens that decorated the pillars and platform on that occasion; to Mr. Richard Hays, Mrs. Dr. Dale, Mrs. Samuel McKee, Miss Lou G. Wade and other kind hearted ladies who rewarded the humble efforts of the little ones in singing and speaking, by throwing them bouquets of fragrant flowers; to W. G. Johnston & Co. for four hundred copies of the anniversary song; to Mr. Pitcairn, who kindly sent three omnibuses to convey the children to the church and back to the "Old Block." Could he have watched their bright faces and sparkling eyes of the little ones as they gave "three cheers for Mr Pitcairn," he would have known that the pleasant ride he had given them would be long and gratefully remembered.

Thanks are also due to Reymer & Bros. and Kramer & Bohn, for donations of candies; to Col. McFarland, and the able and eloquent Divines, who contributed so much to the interests of the occasion, and to the gentlemen who left the pressing cares of business to manifest their interest in the cause of humanity by being present; many thanks are due. To the COMMERCIAL, *Chronicle, Gazette and Dispatch*, the thanks of the Committee are especially due for the gratuitous publication of the preliminary notices of the anniversary, together with the lengthy and generous reports of the exercises on that occasion. To all who have contributed to the comfort and support of the "Home for the Friendless," the Committee return their grateful thanks.

MRS. J. C. LIPPINCOT
MRS. LEVI WADE.

The Fire Question in McKeesport

We announced on Saturday that the citizens of McKeesport had raised a sum sufficient to purchase the Neptune Steam Fire Engine, of this city, and that the steamer would probably be secured by the borough authorities. A new project has been inaugurated within a day or two, which may render the purchase of the Neptune unnecessary. A mechanic has agreed to place water mains and plugs on the principal streets, and force an adequate supply of water from the river by means of a stationary engine. It is claimed that in this manner water can be thrown from hose upon the highest buildings, and the citizens can also be supplied with an abundant supply. The entire cost of engine, pipes, plugs and labor is estimated at eight thousand dollars. The plan has been adopted in other towns, and found to work satisfactorily. The citizens of the borough will hold a meeting during the present week and decide upon the matter.

ROBBERY IN ALLEGHENY.—On Saturday, a young man entered Pratt & Benney's hat store on Federal street, Allegheny city, and stepping up to the counter, commenced examining some hats. Shortly after Mr. Pratt, on visiting the money drawer, discovered that one hundred dollars in bills had been stolen. The man had left the store a few moments before, and is suspected of being the robber. The police have not been able as yet to obtain any clue as to his whereabouts.

SLIGHT FIRE IN ALLEGHENY CITY.—A fire broke out about half-past ten o'clock Saturday evening in the rear portion of a frame house belonging to Mr. R. S. Francis, on Robinson street, Allegheny City. The fire department was called out and the flames subdued before any serious damage had been done. The flames spread to an adjoining house, which also belonged to Mr. Francis, and the rear portion of both were partially burned. The loss is estimated at about three hundred dollars.

BOY DROWNED.—Yesterday afternoon a boy named Brown, about half years of age, named the Birmingham side of the Monongahela river, below Bakewell's glass house, fell into the water and before assistance could be procured the body during the afternoon, but it had not been recovered at last accounts.

AMAZONS.—Two women named Mary McCreary and Annie Hamilton evinced a warlike spirit on Troy Hill yesterday and drew beer glasses at the heads of some of the pleasure-seekers in one of the beer gardens in that locality. The two offenders were placed in the Allegheny lock-up to await a hearing.

A LENGTHY NAME.—An individual who bore the lengthy name of Christopher Anckensprecher had the misfortune to get intoxicated Saturday evening. His name occupied a line of the watch house docket, and in the morning he was charged the usual docket fee.

MANI-A-POTU.—A man named Louis Devil, who was suffering from an attack of the mania-a-potu, was arrested by the police on the steps of the Custom House yesterday morning, and placed in the lock-up where he still remains.

The June Term of the Criminal Court—Jail Calendar.

The June term of the Criminal Court will commence to-day. Following is the jail calendar, embracing a list of the cases that will be tried:

Burglary—John Webb, Jefferson Douglass, Wm. Barnes, Alfred Price, Joseph Stewart, Henry Little.

Robbery—Mary McKensie, Sarah Jackson, Malinda Lucas.

Highway Robbery—Samuel Small.

Rape—John Bayne, John Jackson, John Fisher.

Horse Stealing—Gustave Roeback.

Bigamy—Michael Sharon.

Felonious Assault and Battery—William Smith, Peter Riley.

Aggravated Assault and Battery—Elizabeth Walsh, Stewart Sampson, (three indictments.)

Larceny—Samuel Shepley, Samuel Smith, Samuel Palmer, Thomas Morgan, John W. Jones, James Tarr, John Law, Jacob Flaxman, Charles St. Clair, Wm. Howard, James McCloskey, David Gilmore, Eliza McNut, Mary Maloy, John Richards, Thomas Parks, Wm. Reesmyer, Isabella White Patrick Gartland.

False Pretenses—William Thomas, George Waughmer.

Resisting an Officer—Samuel Russell.

Fornication—Robert Greafer.

Surety of the Peace—Ann Denning, Deborah Haworth, Wm. Jones.

Abandonment—Patrick Irwin.

Selling Liquor on Sunday—Samuel Cupp.

Match Game of Base Ball.

A match game of base ball was played on Saturday afternoon at Grove station on the Connellsville railroad, between the Lightfoots, a junior organization, and the Hazlewood club, both of Hazlewood. Playing was commenced at twenty minutes to three o'clock, and at the close of the eighth inning game was called. It was then twenty minutes to seven o'clock. The Lightfoots succeeded in "whitewashing" their opponents in the first inning, but the Hazlewoods made most excellently afterwards, and at every inning succeeded in scoring eight or ten. About the fifth inning the boys evidenced fatigue and the Hazlewood had it all their own way to the end of the game, when the score stood as follows: Hazlewood, 63; Lightfoots, 25. The Lightfoots played very well for a junior organization, but the batting of the Hazlewood club was the finest we have seen lately, especially that of Harriman, Alexander and Evans. W. T. Haines, Esq., acted as umpire for a while, and Mr. Ormsby afterwards took his place. H. Burgwin was scorer for the Hazlewood and Harvey Thompson for the Lightfoots. The winning club will play the Keystone of Saltsburg next Saturday afternoon on the same grounds, and an exciting game is anticipated.

TOBACCO FACTORY FOR SALE.—By reference to an advertisement elsewhere, it will be seen that Messrs. E. Megrue & Co. offer the tobacco factory, located at Nos. 33 and 55 Ninth street, for sale or rent. It is fitted up with all the necessary machinery for a first class establishment, and offers a rare chance for any person desiring to embark in the tobacco business.

Police Intelligence.

[Before Alderman Taylor.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Patrick Bannon charged Robert Chringle, a country man, with assault and battery. He alleges that chringle attacked him at the cattle yard and severely choked him. Warrant issued.

[Before Justice Heisel, of East Birmingham.]

LARCENY BY BAILEE.

Richard Feeny charged Frank McWilliams with larceny by bailee, alleging that he gave defendant $3 75 for a man named Patrick Ward, which the defendant refused to pay over. Warrant issued.

[Before Burgess Salisbury, of Birmingham.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Wm. McCully charged Michael Hahn with assault and battery. McCully was guarding some household effects at Hyer's tavern, which had been levied upon by the sheriff, when, it is alleged, Hahn came along and, without the least provocation, struck the plaintiff and knocked him down, and then stirred to escape, but the night watchman, after a desperate struggle, captured him and conveyed him to the watch-house. He was held to bail for a hearing on Tuesday.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Messrs. Maffitt and Bartholomew, with their Pantomime Troupe, enter upon their second and last week this evening, when a new and varied programme will be presented, including the laughable pantomime of "Simon's Mishaps, or the Milliners." The ballet, the Levantine Sisters, the Celtic Comic Quartet, Miss Rosetta will appear in new and attractive performances.

THEATER.—The principal attractions of last week will remain this week, and an entire change of programme will take place each night. The local drama of "Fifteen Years Ago" or "Two Hundred Years Hence" will be performed each evening.

ACADEMY.—Miss Jean Hosmer and her company will occupy the Academy for a short season, commencing Thursday evening, when "Lucretia Borgia and the Daughter of the Regiment" will be performed.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—The champion rider, James Robinson, with his great circus company, combined with Gardner & Kenyon's menagerie, will appear in Allegheny city for three days, commencing Thursday, 17th inst. This is a grand exhibition, and will attract large audiences.

COMMITTED.—Fourteen common cases were committed to jail by Mayor Brush yesterday, and three by Mayor Drum.

ALGEO's new jewelry store is at No. 45 Sixth street (late St. Clair.)

The Premium Trunk Factory.

All trunks manufactured at this factory are warranted perfect. Depot corner Penn and Fifteenth streets; warehouse No. 101 Wood street.

It is a Fact

That Liebler, No. 101 Wood street, rules the trunk trade in the West. He sells at wholesale and retail prices which astonish competitors. Readers in need of anything in the line should not fail to pay him a visit. Factory corner of Penn and Fifteenth streets.

THE Best and Original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya, known as Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The iron restores color to the blood, the Phosphorus renews destroyed nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, thereby curing Dyspepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility, and Depression of Spirits. Manufactured only by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. Sold by all Druggists. M*

Home Questions for the Sickly and Debilitated.

Is it worth while to endure penal torture after every meal, when digestion can be immediately relieved and permanently cured by so agreeable a remedy as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS?

Does it pay to be compelled by debility and languor to abandon active business, when brain, nerve and muscle can be braced up, and the whole system restored to a healthy condition, by a course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Why approach the dinner-table daily with a positive disgust for all that is savory and delicious, when a voracious appetite for any and all plainest fare is created by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Is it wise to live in this bright world as if it were a dungeon, gloomy, discontented and miserable, when the worst case of hypochondria can be cured in a week by a persistent and wholesome exhilerant at HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Can it be possible that any person of bilious habit will run the risk of remittent fever or bilious colic, when he can tone and regulate the great secretive organ with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Is it not a species of moral insanity for any merchant, farmer, mechanic, or traveler, to be without the best known antidote to the effects of poisoned air and impure water, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Considering the harrassing and depressing nature of the functional derangements to which woman is subject, it is not astonishing that any invalid of the feeble sex should hesitate to seek the certain relief afforded in such cases, by the genial operation of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

These are questions of deeper interest than any of the political dogmas of the day, and those whom the cap concerns are invited to give them something more than a passing thought.

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Flanders' Pat. Cylinder Boring Machines

Steam and Blast Cylinders.

PUMPS AND CORLISS VALVES OF ALL SIZES AND IN ALL POSITIONS BORED OUT without removing them from their present positions. Only the front head and piston removed.

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All work warranted, and orders promptly attended to. Address

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TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.—At E. RIDLEY'S, in the Jobbing Rooms, up stairs, you will find the Largest Stock of Millinery and Straw Goods in this city. A full collection of bargains not to be found elsewhere. We cut lengths at Piece Prices. Buy and sell for cash. E. RIDLEY, 369, 371, 373 and 375 Liberty, and 68, 68 70 Allen streets, corner store. Fifth Block East from the Bowery, New York City. First and Second Floors—Retail. Third Floor—Wholesale exclusively.

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AGENTS: CALL TO-DAY.

20 PER CENT. COMMISSION.

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ATTENTION, SPORTSMEN.—WM. CRAIG, formerly of 50 Wylie, has opened a new establishment at No. 56 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY, where he will carry on the GUNSMITHING in all its branches, and also keep constantly on hand a large assortment of GUNS, PISTOLS, CARTRIDGES, AMMUNITION, &c., of every description. He will be happy to wait on his former patrons. Give him a call, at No. 56 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.

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PROPOSALS.—THE PITTSBURGH FARMERS AND MECHANICS TURNPIKE CO. will receive Proposals until the 21st of June for the delivery next TWO HUNDRED PERCH OF LIMESTONE within the next five months, along the line of their Road. The Turnpike can only be reached by all the Railroads coming to this city. Address

JOSEPH DILWORTH, President, Pittsburgh.

SHOVELS, SHOVELS, SHOVELS.

A full assortment of Ames', Rowland's, Lippincott's, Peetley, Emerson & Co's and Myers & Arnold's superior Shovels and Spades, for sale at manufacturers' prices by

JAMES BOWN,

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A full assortment of Planes, Saws, Hatchets, Chisels, Squares and Auger Bits, Steel and Iron Squares, for sale by

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I have a full assortment of Stonecutters' Tools on hand, comprising best Eastern Mallets, (all of my own make Chissels, Droves, Mallet Points, Cast Steel Hammers, &c., &c., for sale by

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I have a full assortment of Brades', Rose & Dixon's Trowels, for Bricklayers, Marble and Tile Layers; also, Bricklayers' Hammers, for sale by

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Strong's Patent Sheep Shears, considered the best Shears in the market also, a full assortment of J. and the Calisaya lives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, thereby curing Dyspepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility, and Depression of Spirits. Manufactured only by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. Sold by all Druggists. M*

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I have a full assortment of Darling, Brown & Sharp's Machinists' Tools, which I offer for sale at manufacturers' prices at

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A PERFECT FILE HANDLE.

Its excellence is so manifest that it hardly needs explanation.

Whilst other Handles require time and care to fit them, are often split and thrown away without use and are always liable to work loose and come off thereby causing great annoyance and often painful wounds to the user, these Handles are free from all such objections.

They are made of four sizes, adapted to all kinds of Files, are quickly attached, and detached from one File to another, invariably hold the File securely in any position, and last for years.

The screw is hardened and cuts a thread on the tang of the File. It should be firmly screwed up, holding it by the end flattened for that purpose. Should it ever be left in the wood on taking out the File it can be turned out by Screwdriver.

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Thankful for the patronage they have heretofore enjoyed from their friends and patrons, they respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, pledging themselves in the future, as in the past, to merit their favor.

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